

Package: healthbR (via r-universe)

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Title Access Brazilian Public Health Data

Version 0.2.0

Description Provides easy access to Brazilian public health data from multiple sources including VIGITEL (Surveillance of Risk Factors for Chronic Diseases by Telephone Survey), PNS (National Health Survey), 'PNAD' Continua (Continuous National Household Sample Survey), 'POF' (Household Budget Survey with food security and consumption data), 'Censo Demografico' (population denominators via 'SIDRA' API), SIM (Mortality Information System), SINASC (Live Birth Information System), 'SIH' (Hospital Information System), 'SIA' (Outpatient Information System), 'SINAN' (Notifiable Diseases Surveillance), 'CNES' (National Health Facility Registry), 'SI-PNI' (National Immunization Program - aggregated 1994-2019 via FTP, individual-level 'microdata' 2020+ via 'OpenDataSUS' API), 'SISAB' (Primary Care Health Information System - coverage indicators via REST API), ANS ('Agencia Nacional de Saude Suplementar' - supplementary health beneficiaries, consumer complaints, and financial statements), 'ANVISA' ('Agencia Nacional de Vigilancia Sanitaria' - product registrations, 'pharmacovigilance', 'hemovigilance', 'technovigilance', and controlled substance sales via 'SNGPC'), and other health information systems. Data is downloaded from the Brazilian Ministry of Health and 'IBGE' repositories. Data is returned in tidy format following tidyverse conventions.

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ans_cache_status	<i>Show ANS Cache Status</i>
------------------	------------------------------

Description

Shows information about cached ANS data files.

Usage

```
ans_cache_status(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Cache directory path. Default: tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache").

Value

A tibble with cache file information (invisibly).

See Also

Other ans: [ans_clear_cache\(\)](#), [ans_data\(\)](#), [ans_info\(\)](#), [ans_operators\(\)](#), [ans_variables\(\)](#), [ans_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
ans_cache_status()
```

ans_clear_cache	<i>Clear ANS Cache</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

Deletes cached ANS data files.

Usage

```
ans_clear_cache(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Cache directory path. Default: tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache").

Value

Invisible NULL.

See Also

Other ans: [ans_cache_status\(\)](#), [ans_data\(\)](#), [ans_info\(\)](#), [ans_operators\(\)](#), [ans_variables\(\)](#), [ans_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
ans_clear_cache()
```

ans_data	<i>Download ANS Data</i>
----------	--------------------------

Description

Downloads and returns data from the ANS (Agencia Nacional de Saude Suplementar) open data portal. Supports three data types: beneficiary counts, consumer complaints (NIP), and financial statements.

Usage

```
ans_data(
  year,
  type = "beneficiaries",
  uf = NULL,
  month = NULL,
  quarter = NULL,
  vars = NULL,
  cache = TRUE,
  cache_dir = NULL,
  lazy = FALSE,
  backend = c("arrow", "duckdb")
)
```

Arguments

year	Integer. Year(s) of the data. Required.
type	Character. Type of data. One of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "beneficiaries": Consolidated beneficiary counts (default). Uses year, month, uf parameters. • "complaints": Consumer complaints via NIP. Uses year only (national data). • "financial": Financial statements. Uses year, quarter parameters.
uf	Character. Two-letter state abbreviation(s). Only used for type = "beneficiaries". Includes "XX" for unidentified beneficiaries. If NULL (default), downloads all 27 states.
month	Integer. Month(s) 1-12. Only used for type = "beneficiaries". If NULL (default), downloads all months. Note: 2019 starts at month 4 (April).
quarter	Integer. Quarter(s) 1-4. Only used for type = "financial". If NULL (default), downloads all 4 quarters.
vars	Character vector. Variables to keep. If NULL (default), returns all available variables. Use ans_variables() to see available variables per type.
cache	Logical. If TRUE (default), caches downloaded data for faster future access.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching. Default: <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthBR", "cache")</code> .

lazy	Logical. If TRUE, returns a lazy query object instead of a tibble. Requires the arrow package. Default: FALSE.
backend	Character. Backend for lazy evaluation: "arrow" (default) or "duckdb". Only used when lazy = TRUE.

Details

Data is downloaded from the ANS open data portal at <https://dadosabertos.ans.gov.br/>.

Beneficiaries: Monthly per-state ZIP files containing CSV data with consolidated beneficiary counts by operator, plan type, sex, age group, and municipality. Available from April 2019.

Complaints: Annual national CSV files with consumer complaints filed through the NIP (Notificacao de Intermediacao Preliminar). Available from 2011.

Financial: Quarterly ZIP files with financial statements of health plan operators (balance sheets, income statements). Available from 2007.

Parallel downloads:

When downloading multiple files (e.g., several months or quarters), install **furrr** and **future** and set a parallel plan to speed up downloads: `future::plan(future::multisession, workers = 4)`. See `vignette("healthbR")` for details.

Value

A tibble with ANS data. Includes partition columns: year (all types), month and uf_source (beneficiaries), quarter (financial).

See Also

[ans_operators\(\)](#) for the operator registry, [ans_variables\(\)](#) for variable descriptions.

Other ans: [ans_cache_status\(\)](#), [ans_clear_cache\(\)](#), [ans_info\(\)](#), [ans_operators\(\)](#), [ans_variables\(\)](#), [ans_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# beneficiary counts for Acre, December 2023
ac <- ans_data(year = 2023, month = 12, uf = "AC")

# consumer complaints for 2022
nip <- ans_data(year = 2022, type = "complaints")

# financial statements Q1 2023
fin <- ans_data(year = 2023, type = "financial", quarter = 1)
```

 ans_info

ANS Module Information

Description

Displays information about the ANS (Agencia Nacional de Saude Suplementar) module, including data sources, available years, and usage guidance.

Usage

```
ans_info()
```

Value

A list with module information (invisibly).

See Also

Other ans: [ans_cache_status\(\)](#), [ans_clear_cache\(\)](#), [ans_data\(\)](#), [ans_operators\(\)](#), [ans_variables\(\)](#), [ans_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
ans_info()
```

ans_operators

Download ANS Operators Registry

Description

Downloads and returns the current registry of health plan operators from the ANS open data portal. This is a snapshot of the current operator status (not time-series data).

Usage

```
ans_operators(status = "active", vars = NULL, cache = TRUE, cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

status	Character. Filter by operator status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "active": Active operators only (default). • "cancelled": Cancelled operators only. • "all": Both active and cancelled.
vars	Character vector. Variables to keep. If NULL (default), returns all 20 variables. Use <code>ans_variables(type = "operators")</code> to see available variables.
cache	Logical. If TRUE (default), caches downloaded data.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching.

Value

A tibble with operator data. When `status = "all"`, includes a status column indicating "active" or "cancelled".

See Also

Other ans: [ans_cache_status\(\)](#), [ans_clear_cache\(\)](#), [ans_data\(\)](#), [ans_info\(\)](#), [ans_variables\(\)](#), [ans_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# active operators
ops <- ans_operators()

# all operators (active + cancelled)
all_ops <- ans_operators(status = "all")
```

ans_variables	<i>List ANS Variables</i>
---------------	---------------------------

Description

Returns a tibble with available variables in the ANS data, including descriptions and value types.

Usage

```
ans_variables(type = "beneficiaries", search = NULL)
```

Arguments

type	Character. Type of data. One of "beneficiaries" (default), "complaints", "financial", or "operators".
search	Character. Optional search term to filter variables by name or description. Case-insensitive and accent-insensitive.

Value

A tibble with columns: variable, description, type, section.

See Also

Other ans: [ans_cache_status\(\)](#), [ans_clear_cache\(\)](#), [ans_data\(\)](#), [ans_info\(\)](#), [ans_operators\(\)](#), [ans_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
ans_variables()
ans_variables(type = "complaints")
ans_variables(search = "operadora")
```

`ans_years`*List Available ANS Years*

Description

Returns an integer vector with years for which ANS data are available.

Usage

```
ans_years(type = "beneficiaries")
```

Arguments

`type` Character. Type of data. One of:

- "beneficiaries": Consolidated beneficiary counts (default).
- "complaints": Consumer complaints (NIP).
- "financial": Financial statements.

Value

An integer vector of available years.

See Also

Other ans: [ans_cache_status\(\)](#), [ans_clear_cache\(\)](#), [ans_data\(\)](#), [ans_info\(\)](#), [ans_operators\(\)](#), [ans_variables\(\)](#)

Examples

```
ans_years()  
ans_years(type = "complaints")  
ans_years(type = "financial")
```

`anvisa_cache_status`*Show ANVISA Cache Status*

Description

Shows information about cached ANVISA data files.

Usage

```
anvisa_cache_status(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Cache directory path. Default: tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache").

Value

A tibble with cache file information (invisibly).

See Also

Other anvisa: [anvisa_clear_cache\(\)](#), [anvisa_data\(\)](#), [anvisa_info\(\)](#), [anvisa_types\(\)](#), [anvisa_variables\(\)](#)

Examples

```
anvisa_cache_status()
```

anvisa_clear_cache *Clear ANVISA Cache*

Description

Deletes cached ANVISA data files.

Usage

```
anvisa_clear_cache(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Cache directory path. Default: tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache").

Value

Invisible NULL.

See Also

Other anvisa: [anvisa_cache_status\(\)](#), [anvisa_data\(\)](#), [anvisa_info\(\)](#), [anvisa_types\(\)](#), [anvisa_variables\(\)](#)

Examples

```
anvisa_clear_cache()
```

anvisa_data

*Download ANVISA Data***Description**

Downloads and returns data from the ANVISA (Agencia Nacional de Vigilancia Sanitaria) open data portal. Supports 14 data types across 4 categories: product registrations, reference tables, post-market surveillance, and controlled substance sales (SNGPC).

Usage

```
anvisa_data(
  type = "medicines",
  year = NULL,
  month = NULL,
  vars = NULL,
  cache = TRUE,
  cache_dir = NULL,
  lazy = FALSE,
  backend = c("arrow", "duckdb")
)
```

Arguments

type	Character. Type of data to download. Default: "medicines". Use anvisa_types() to see all 14 available types. Snapshot types (no year/month needed): "medicines", "medical_devices", "food", "cosmetics", "sanitizers", "tobacco", "pesticides", "hemovigilance", "technovigilance", "vigimed_notifications", "vigimed_medicines", "vigimed_reactions". Time-series types (year required): "sngpc", "sngpc_compounded".
year	Integer. Year(s) of the data. Only used for SNGPC types (2014-2026). Ignored with a warning for snapshot types.
month	Integer. Month(s) 1-12. Only used for SNGPC types. If NULL (default), downloads all 12 months. Ignored with a warning for snapshot types.
vars	Character vector. Variables to keep. If NULL (default), returns all available variables. Use anvisa_variables() to see available variables per type.
cache	Logical. If TRUE (default), caches downloaded data for faster future access.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching. Default: <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
lazy	Logical. If TRUE, returns a lazy query object instead of a tibble. Only available for SNGPC types (partitioned cache). Requires the arrow package. Default: FALSE.
backend	Character. Backend for lazy evaluation: "arrow" (default) or "duckdb". Only used when lazy = TRUE.

Details

Data is downloaded from the ANVISA open data portal at <https://dados.anvisa.gov.br/dados/>.

Snapshot types: Download a single CSV file representing the current state of the registry/database. No time dimension. Cached as flat files.

SNGPC types: Monthly CSV files with controlled substance sales data. Data available from January 2014 to October 2021, with new data from January 2026. Cached as Hive-style partitioned parquet datasets.

The three VigiMed types share the IDENTIFICACAO_NOTIFICACAO key for linking notifications, medicines, and reactions.

Parallel downloads:

When downloading multiple SNGPC months, install **furrr** and **future** and set a parallel plan to speed up downloads: `future::plan(future::multisession, workers = 4)`. See `vignette("healthbR")` for details.

Value

A tibble with ANVISA data. SNGPC types include year and month partition columns.

See Also

[anvisa_types\(\)](#) for available types, [anvisa_variables\(\)](#) for variable descriptions.

Other anvisa: [anvisa_cache_status\(\)](#), [anvisa_clear_cache\(\)](#), [anvisa_info\(\)](#), [anvisa_types\(\)](#), [anvisa_variables\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# registered medicines
med <- anvisa_data(type = "medicines")

# hemovigilance notifications
hemo <- anvisa_data(type = "hemovigilance")

# SNGPC controlled substance sales, Jan 2020
sngpc <- anvisa_data(type = "sngpc", year = 2020, month = 1)
```

anvisa_info

ANVISA Module Information

Description

Displays information about the ANVISA (Agencia Nacional de Vigilância Sanitária) module, including data sources, available types, and usage guidance.

Usage

```
anvisa_info()
```

Value

A list with module information (invisibly).

See Also

Other anvisa: [anvisa_cache_status\(\)](#), [anvisa_clear_cache\(\)](#), [anvisa_data\(\)](#), [anvisa_types\(\)](#), [anvisa_variables\(\)](#)

Examples

```
anvisa_info()
```

anvisa_types

List ANVISA Data Types

Description

Returns a tibble with available ANVISA data types, their names, descriptions, and categories.

Usage

```
anvisa_types()
```

Value

A tibble with columns: code, name, description, category.

See Also

Other anvisa: [anvisa_cache_status\(\)](#), [anvisa_clear_cache\(\)](#), [anvisa_data\(\)](#), [anvisa_info\(\)](#), [anvisa_variables\(\)](#)

Examples

```
anvisa_types()
```

anvisa_variables *List ANVISA Variables*

Description

Returns a tibble with available variables for a given ANVISA data type, including descriptions.

Usage

```
anvisa_variables(type = "medicines", search = NULL)
```

Arguments

type	Character. ANVISA data type code. Default: "medicines". Use anvisa_types() to see all valid types.
search	Character. Optional search term to filter variables by name or description. Case-insensitive and accent-insensitive.

Value

A tibble with columns: variable, description.

See Also

Other anvisa: [anvisa_cache_status\(\)](#), [anvisa_clear_cache\(\)](#), [anvisa_data\(\)](#), [anvisa_info\(\)](#), [anvisa_types\(\)](#)

Examples

```
anvisa_variables()
anvisa_variables(type = "hemovigilance")
anvisa_variables(search = "registro")
```

censo_estimativa *Get intercensitary population estimates*

Description

Retrieves population estimates for intercensitary years (2001-2021) from SIDRA table 6579. These estimates provide population denominators for years between censuses.

Usage

```
censo_estimativa(  
  year,  
  territorial_level = "state",  
  geo_code = "all",  
  raw = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

<code>year</code>	Numeric or vector. Year(s) between 2001 and 2021.
<code>territorial_level</code>	Character. Geographic level: "brazil", "region", "state", or "municipality". Default is "state".
<code>geo_code</code>	Character. IBGE code(s) for specific localities. "all" returns all localities at the chosen level. Default is "all".
<code>raw</code>	Logical. If TRUE, returns raw API output without cleaning. Default is FALSE.

Details

Table 6579 provides total population estimates (no sex/age breakdown). These estimates are published annually by IBGE and are widely used as denominators for health indicator calculations.

For census years with full demographic breakdowns, use [censo_populacao](#) instead.

Value

A tibble with population estimates.

Data source

Data is retrieved from IBGE SIDRA API, table 6579: <https://sidra.ibge.gov.br/tabela/6579>

Examples

```
# estimates for 2020 by state  
censo_estimativa(year = 2020)  
  
# estimates for multiple years, Brazil level  
censo_estimativa(year = 2015:2020, territorial_level = "brazil")  
  
# estimates by municipality  
censo_estimativa(year = 2021, territorial_level = "municipality")
```

censo_info	<i>Census information</i>
------------	---------------------------

Description

Displays information about the Brazilian Census and returns metadata.

Usage

```
censo_info(year = NULL)
```

Arguments

year Numeric. Year to get specific information about. NULL shows general info.

Value

Invisibly returns a list with Census metadata.

Examples

```
censo_info()  
censo_info(2022)
```

censo_populacao	<i>Get Census population data</i>
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Retrieves population data from the Brazilian Demographic Census via SIDRA API. Automatically selects the correct SIDRA table based on year and requested variables.

Usage

```
censo_populacao(  
  year,  
  variables = "total",  
  territorial_level = "state",  
  geo_code = "all",  
  raw = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

year	Numeric. Census year (1970, 1980, 1991, 2000, 2010, or 2022).
variables	Character. Type of breakdown: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "total": Total population only • "sex": By sex (male/female) • "age": By age groups • "age_sex": By age groups and sex • "race": By race/color (only 2000, 2010, 2022) • "situation": By urban/rural situation Default is "total".
territorial_level	Character. Geographic level: "brazil", "region", "state", or "municipality". Default is "state".
geo_code	Character. IBGE code(s) for specific localities. "all" returns all localities at the chosen level. Default is "all".
raw	Logical. If TRUE, returns raw API output without cleaning. Default is FALSE.

Details

This function provides an easy interface for the most common Census queries. It automatically resolves the correct SIDRA table:

- Table 200: Historical population 1970-2010 (by sex, age, situation)
- Table 9514: Census 2022 population by sex and age
- Table 136: Population by race 2000-2010
- Table 9605: Population by race 2022
- Table 9515: Population by urban/rural 2022

For more flexibility, use [censo_sidra_data](#) to query any table with custom parameters.

Value

A tibble with population data.

Data source

Data is retrieved from IBGE SIDRA API: <https://sidra.ibge.gov.br/>

Examples

```
# total population by state, 2022
censo_populacao(year = 2022)

# population by sex, Brazil level
censo_populacao(year = 2022, variables = "sex", territorial_level = "brazil")
```

```
# population by age and sex, 2010
censo_populacao(year = 2010, variables = "age_sex")

# population by race, 2022
censo_populacao(year = 2022, variables = "race")
```

censo_sidra_data *Get Census data from SIDRA API*

Description

Queries the IBGE SIDRA API to retrieve any Census table. This is the most flexible function, allowing full control over SIDRA query parameters.

Usage

```
censo_sidra_data(
  table,
  territorial_level = "brazil",
  geo_code = "all",
  year = NULL,
  variable = NULL,
  classifications = NULL,
  raw = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

table	Numeric or character. SIDRA table code. Use censo_sidra_tables or censo_sidra_search to find codes.
territorial_level	Character. Geographic level: "brazil" (N1), "region" (N2), "state" (N3), "municipality" (N6). Default "brazil".
geo_code	Character. IBGE code(s) for specific localities. "all" returns all localities at the chosen level. Default "all".
year	Numeric or character. Year(s) to query. NULL returns all available periods.
variable	Numeric or character. SIDRA variable ID(s). NULL returns all variables excluding metadata. Default NULL.
classifications	Named list. SIDRA classification filters. Example: <code>list("2" = "allxt")</code> for sex breakdown. NULL returns default aggregation. Default NULL.
raw	Logical. If TRUE, returns raw API output without cleaning. Default FALSE.

Value

A tibble with queried data.

Examples

```
# population by state from 2022 Census
censo_sidra_data(
  table = 9514,
  territorial_level = "state",
  year = 2022,
  variable = 93
)

# population by race, Brazil level
censo_sidra_data(
  table = 9605,
  territorial_level = "brazil",
  year = 2022,
  variable = 93,
  classifications = list("86" = "allxt")
)
```

`censo_sidra_search` *Search Census SIDRA tables*

Description

Searches Census SIDRA tables by keyword in the table name. Supports partial matching, case-insensitive, and accent-insensitive search.

Usage

```
censo_sidra_search(keyword, year = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>keyword</code>	Character. Search term (minimum 2 characters).
<code>year</code>	Character or numeric. Filter tables containing data for this year. NULL returns all.

Value

A tibble with matching tables (same structure as [censo_sidra_tables](#)).

Examples

```
censo_sidra_search("deficiencia")
censo_sidra_search("raca")
censo_sidra_search("indigena")
```

`censo_sidra_tables` *List Census SIDRA tables*

Description

Returns a catalog of available SIDRA tables for the Census, organized by theme.

Usage

```
censo_sidra_tables(theme = NULL, year = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>theme</code>	Character. Filter by theme. NULL returns all themes. Available themes: "population", "race", "estimates", "literacy", "housing", "sanitation", "disability", "indigenous", "quilombola", "fertility", "education", "labor", "income", "age_sex", "urbanization".
<code>year</code>	Character or numeric. Filter tables that contain data for this year. NULL returns tables for all years.

Value

A tibble with columns: `table_code`, `table_name`, `theme`, `years`, `territorial_levels`.

Examples

```
# list all Census tables
censo_sidra_tables()

# filter by theme
censo_sidra_tables(theme = "population")

# tables with 2022 data
censo_sidra_tables(year = 2022)
```

`censo_years` *List available Census years*

Description

Returns a character vector with available Census years.

Usage

```
censo_years()
```

Value

A character vector of available years.

Examples

```
censo_years()
```

cnes_cache_status	<i>Show CNES Cache Status</i>
-------------------	-------------------------------

Description

Shows information about cached CNES data files.

Usage

```
cnes_cache_status(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

`cache_dir` Character. Cache directory path. Default: `tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")`.

Value

A tibble with cache file information (invisibly).

See Also

Other cnes: [cnes_clear_cache\(\)](#), [cnes_data\(\)](#), [cnes_dictionary\(\)](#), [cnes_info\(\)](#), [cnes_variables\(\)](#), [cnes_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
cnes_cache_status()
```

cnes_clear_cache	<i>Clear CNES Cache</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Deletes cached CNES data files.

Usage

```
cnes_clear_cache(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir	Character. Cache directory path. Default: <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
-----------	---

Value

Invisible NULL.

See Also

Other cnes: [cnes_cache_status\(\)](#), [cnes_data\(\)](#), [cnes_dictionary\(\)](#), [cnes_info\(\)](#), [cnes_variables\(\)](#), [cnes_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
cnes_clear_cache()
```

cnes_data	<i>Download CNES Health Facility Registry Data</i>
-----------	--

Description

Downloads and returns health facility registry data from DATASUS FTP. Each row represents one health facility record (for the ST type). Data is organized monthly – one .dbc file per type, state (UF), and month.

Usage

```
cnes_data(
  year,
  type = "ST",
  month = NULL,
  vars = NULL,
  uf = NULL,
  parse = TRUE,
  col_types = NULL,
  cache = TRUE,
  cache_dir = NULL,
  lazy = FALSE,
  backend = c("arrow", "duckdb")
)
```

Arguments

year	Integer. Year(s) of the data. Required.
type	Character. File type to download. Default: "ST" (establishments). See cnes_info() for all 13 types.
month	Integer. Month(s) of the data (1-12). If NULL (default), downloads all 12 months. Example: 1 (January), 1:6 (first semester).
vars	Character vector. Variables to keep. If NULL (default), returns all available variables. Use cnes_variables() to see available variables.
uf	Character. Two-letter state abbreviation(s) to download. If NULL (default), downloads all 27 states. Example: "SP", c("SP", "RJ").
parse	Logical. If TRUE (default), converts columns to appropriate types (integer, double, Date) based on the variable metadata. Use cnes_variables() to see the target type for each variable. Set to FALSE for backward-compatible all-character output.
col_types	Named list. Override the default type for specific columns. Names are column names, values are type strings: "character", "integer", "double", "date_dmy", "date_ymd", "date_ym", "date". Example: list(COMPETEN = "character") to keep COMPETEN as character.
cache	Logical. If TRUE (default), caches downloaded data for faster future access.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching. Default: <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
lazy	Logical. If TRUE, returns a lazy query object instead of a tibble. Requires the arrow package. The lazy object supports dplyr verbs (filter, select, mutate, etc.) which are pushed down to the query engine before collecting into memory. Call <code>dplyr::collect()</code> to materialize the result. Default: FALSE.
backend	Character. Backend for lazy evaluation: "arrow" (default) or "duckdb". Only used when lazy = TRUE. DuckDB backend requires the duckdb package.

Details

Data is downloaded from DATASUS FTP as .dbc files (one per type/state/month). The .dbc format is decompressed internally using vendored C code from the blast library. No external dependencies are required.

CNES data is monthly, so downloading an entire year for all states requires 324 files (27 UFs x 12 months) per type. Use `uf` and `month` to limit downloads.

The CNES has 13 file types. The default "ST" (establishments) is the most commonly used. Use `cnes_info()` to see all types.

Parallel downloads:

When downloading multiple files (e.g., several months or states), install **furrr** and **future** and set a parallel plan to speed up downloads: `future::plan(future::multisession, workers = 4)`. See `vignette("healthbR")` for details.

Value

A tibble with health facility data. Includes columns `year`, `month`, and `uf_source` to identify the source when multiple years/months/states are combined.

See Also

`cnes_info()` for file type descriptions, `censo_populacao()` for population denominators.

Other `cnes`: `cnes_cache_status()`, `cnes_clear_cache()`, `cnes_dictionary()`, `cnes_info()`, `cnes_variables()`, `cnes_years()`

Examples

```
# all establishments in Acre, January 2023
ac_jan <- cnes_data(year = 2023, month = 1, uf = "AC")

# only key variables
cnes_data(year = 2023, month = 1, uf = "AC",
          vars = c("CNES", "CODUFMUN", "TP_UNID", "VINC_SUS"))

# hospital beds
leiticos <- cnes_data(year = 2023, month = 1, uf = "AC", type = "LT")

# health professionals
prof <- cnes_data(year = 2023, month = 1, uf = "AC", type = "PF")
```

Description

Returns a tibble with the complete data dictionary for the CNES, including variable descriptions and category labels.

Usage

```
cnes_dictionary(variable = NULL)
```

Arguments

variable Character. If provided, returns dictionary for a specific variable only. Default: NULL (returns all variables).

Value

A tibble with columns: variable, description, code, label.

See Also

Other cnes: [cnes_cache_status\(\)](#), [cnes_clear_cache\(\)](#), [cnes_data\(\)](#), [cnes_info\(\)](#), [cnes_variables\(\)](#), [cnes_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
cnes_dictionary()
cnes_dictionary("TP_UNID")
cnes_dictionary("ESFERA_A")
```

cnes_info

CNES Module Information

Description

Displays information about the National Health Facility Registry (CNES), including data sources, available years, file types, and usage guidance.

Usage

```
cnes_info()
```

Value

A list with module information (invisibly).

See Also

Other cnes: [cnes_cache_status\(\)](#), [cnes_clear_cache\(\)](#), [cnes_data\(\)](#), [cnes_dictionary\(\)](#), [cnes_variables\(\)](#), [cnes_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
cnes_info()
```

cnes_variables	<i>List CNES Variables</i>
----------------	----------------------------

Description

Returns a tibble with available variables in the CNES data (ST type), including descriptions and value types.

Usage

```
cnes_variables(type = "ST", search = NULL)
```

Arguments

type	Character. File type to show variables for. Currently only "ST" is fully documented. Default: "ST".
search	Character. Optional search term to filter variables by name or description. Case-insensitive and accent-insensitive.

Value

A tibble with columns: variable, description, type, section.

See Also

Other cnes: [cnes_cache_status\(\)](#), [cnes_clear_cache\(\)](#), [cnes_data\(\)](#), [cnes_dictionary\(\)](#), [cnes_info\(\)](#), [cnes_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
cnes_variables()  
cnes_variables(search = "tipo")  
cnes_variables(search = "gestao")
```

cnes_years	<i>List Available CNES Years</i>
------------	----------------------------------

Description

Returns an integer vector with years for which health facility registry data are available from DATA-SUS FTP.

Usage

```
cnes_years(status = "final")
```

Arguments

- status Character. Filter by data status. One of:
- "final": Definitive data only (default).
 - "preliminary": Preliminary data only.
 - "all": All available data (definitive + preliminary).

Value

An integer vector of available years.

See Also

Other cnes: [cnes_cache_status\(\)](#), [cnes_clear_cache\(\)](#), [cnes_data\(\)](#), [cnes_dictionary\(\)](#), [cnes_info\(\)](#), [cnes_variables\(\)](#)

Examples

```
cnes_years()
cnes_years(status = "all")
```

list_sources

List Available Data Sources

Description

Returns information about all data sources available in healthbR.

Usage

```
list_sources()
```

Value

A tibble with columns:

- source: Source code (e.g., "vigitel", "sim")
- name: Full name of the data source
- description: Brief description
- years: Range of available years
- status: Implementation status ("available", "planned")

Examples

```
list_sources()
```

pnadc_cache_status *Get PNADC cache status*

Description

Shows cache status including downloaded files and their sizes.

Usage

```
pnadc_cache_status(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Optional custom cache directory. If NULL (default), uses the standard user cache directory.

Value

A tibble with cache information

Examples

```
pnadc_cache_status()
```

pnadc_clear_cache *Clear PNADC cache*

Description

Removes all cached PNADC data files.

Usage

```
pnadc_clear_cache(module = NULL, cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

module Character. Optional module to clear cache for. If NULL (default), clears cache for all modules.

cache_dir Character. Optional custom cache directory. If NULL (default), uses the standard user cache directory.

Value

NULL (invisibly)

Examples

```
pnadc_clear_cache()
```

pnadc_data

Download PNADC microdata

Description

Downloads and returns PNADC microdata for the specified module and year(s) from the IBGE FTP. Data is cached locally to avoid repeated downloads. When the arrow package is installed, data is cached in parquet format for faster subsequent reads.

Usage

```
pnadc_data(
  module,
  year = NULL,
  vars = NULL,
  as_survey = FALSE,
  cache_dir = NULL,
  refresh = FALSE,
  lazy = FALSE,
  backend = c("arrow", "duckdb")
)
```

Arguments

module	Character. The module identifier. Use pnadc_modules to see available modules. Required.
year	Numeric or vector. Year(s) to download. Use NULL for all available years for the module. Default is NULL.
vars	Character vector. Variables to select. Use NULL for all variables. Survey design variables (UPA, Estrato, V1028) and key demographic variables are always included. Default is NULL.
as_survey	Logical. If TRUE, returns a survey design object (requires the <code>srvyr</code> package). Default is FALSE.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching downloaded files. Default uses <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
refresh	Logical. If TRUE, re-download even if file exists in cache. Default is FALSE.
lazy	Logical. If TRUE, returns a lazy query object instead of a tibble. Requires the arrow package. The lazy object supports dplyr verbs (filter, select, mutate, etc.) which are pushed down to the query engine before collecting into memory. Call <code>dplyr::collect()</code> to materialize the result. Default: FALSE.
backend	Character. Backend for lazy evaluation: "arrow" (default) or "duckdb". Only used when lazy = TRUE. DuckDB backend requires the duckdb package.

Details

PNAD Continua (Pesquisa Nacional por Amostra de Domicílios Continua) is a quarterly household survey conducted by IBGE. This function provides access to supplementary modules with health-related content.

Available modules:

- `deficiencia`: Persons with disabilities (2019, 2022, 2024)
- `habitacao`: Housing characteristics (2012-2019, 2022-2024)
- `moradores`: General characteristics of residents (2012-2019, 2022-2024)
- `aps`: Primary health care (2022)

Survey design variables:

For proper statistical analysis with complex survey design, the following variables are always included:

- `UPA`: Primary sampling unit
- `Estrato`: Stratum
- `V1028`: Survey weight

Use `as_survey = TRUE` to get a properly weighted survey design object for analysis with the `srvyr` package.

Parallel downloads:

When downloading multiple years, install **furrr** and **future** and set a parallel plan to speed up downloads: `future::plan(future::multisession, workers = 4)`. See `vignette("healthbR")` for details.

Value

A tibble with PNADC microdata, or a `srvyr` survey design object if `as_survey = TRUE`.

Data source

Data is downloaded from the IBGE FTP server: https://ftp.ibge.gov.br/Trabalho_e_Rendimento/Pesquisa_Nacional

Examples

```
# download deficiencia module for 2022
df <- pnadc_data(module = "deficiencia", year = 2022, cache_dir = tempdir())

# download with survey design
svy <- pnadc_data(
  module = "deficiencia",
  year = 2022,
  as_survey = TRUE,
  cache_dir = tempdir()
)

# select specific variables
df_subset <- pnadc_data(
```

```

module = "deficiencia",
year = 2022,
vars = c("S11001", "S11002"),
cache_dir = tempdir()
)

```

pnadc_dictionaries *Download PNADC variable dictionary*

Description

Downloads and returns the variable dictionary for PNADC microdata. The dictionary is cached locally to avoid repeated downloads.

Usage

```
pnadc_dictionaries(module, year = NULL, cache_dir = NULL, refresh = FALSE)
```

Arguments

module	Character. The module identifier (e.g., "deficiencia", "habitacao").
year	Numeric. Year to get dictionary for. Uses most recent year if NULL.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching downloaded files. Default uses <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
refresh	Logical. If TRUE, re-download even if file exists in cache. Default is FALSE.

Details

The dictionary includes variable names, positions, and widths from the IBGE input specification file. This is useful for understanding the structure of the data returned by [pnadc_data](#).

Value

A tibble with variable definitions.

Data source

Dictionaries are downloaded from the IBGE FTP server.

Examples

```

# get dictionary for deficiencia module
dict <- pnadc_dictionaries(module = "deficiencia", cache_dir = tempdir())

```

pnadc_info	<i>PNADC survey information</i>
------------	---------------------------------

Description

Displays information about PNAD Continua and returns metadata.

Usage

```
pnadc_info()
```

Value

Invisibly returns a list with survey metadata.

Examples

```
pnadc_info()
```

pnadc_modules	<i>List available PNADC modules</i>
---------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Returns information about the available supplementary modules in PNAD Continua that are supported by this package.

Usage

```
pnadc_modules()
```

Value

A tibble with module information including name, available years, and descriptions.

Examples

```
pnadc_modules()
```

pnadc_variables *List PNADC variables*

Description

Returns a list of available variables in the PNADC microdata for a given module. This is a convenience wrapper around [pnadc_dictionaries](#).

Usage

```
pnadc_variables(module, year = NULL, cache_dir = NULL, refresh = FALSE)
```

Arguments

module	Character. The module identifier (e.g., "deficiencia", "habitacao").
year	Numeric. Year to get variables for. Uses most recent year if NULL.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching downloaded files. Default uses <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
refresh	Logical. If TRUE, re-download even if file exists in cache. Default is FALSE.

Value

A character vector of variable names.

Examples

```
# list variables for deficiencia module
pnadc_variables(module = "deficiencia", cache_dir = tempdir())
```

pnadc_years *List available years for a PNADC module*

Description

Returns a vector of years for which data is available for the specified module.

Usage

```
pnadc_years(module)
```

Arguments

module	Character. The module identifier. Use pnadc_modules to see available modules.
--------	---

Value

An integer vector of available years.

Examples

```
pnadc_years("deficiencia")
pnadc_years("habitacao")
```

pns_cache_status *Get PNS cache status*

Description

Shows cache status including downloaded files and their sizes.

Usage

```
pns_cache_status(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Optional custom cache directory. If NULL (default), uses the standard user cache directory.

Value

A tibble with cache information

Examples

```
pns_cache_status()
```

pns_clear_cache *Clear PNS cache*

Description

Removes all cached PNS data files.

Usage

```
pns_clear_cache(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Optional custom cache directory. If NULL (default), uses the standard user cache directory.

Value

NULL (invisibly)

Examples

```
pns_clear_cache()
```

pns_data

Download PNS microdata

Description

Downloads and returns PNS microdata for specified years from the IBGE FTP. Data is cached locally to avoid repeated downloads. When the arrow package is installed, data is cached in parquet format for faster subsequent reads.

Usage

```
pns_data(
  year = NULL,
  vars = NULL,
  cache_dir = NULL,
  refresh = FALSE,
  lazy = FALSE,
  backend = c("arrow", "duckdb")
)
```

Arguments

year	Numeric or vector. Year(s) to download (2013, 2019). Use NULL to download all available years. Default is NULL.
vars	Character vector. Variables to select. Use NULL for all variables. Default is NULL.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching downloaded files. Default uses <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
refresh	Logical. If TRUE, re-download even if file exists in cache. Default is FALSE.
lazy	Logical. If TRUE, returns a lazy query object instead of a tibble. Requires the arrow package. The lazy object supports dplyr verbs (filter, select, mutate, etc.) which are pushed down to the query engine before collecting into memory. Call <code>dplyr::collect()</code> to materialize the result. Default: FALSE.
backend	Character. Backend for lazy evaluation: "arrow" (default) or "duckdb". Only used when lazy = TRUE. DuckDB backend requires the duckdb package.

Details

The PNS (Pesquisa Nacional de Saude) is a household survey conducted by IBGE in partnership with the Ministry of Health. It provides comprehensive data on health conditions, lifestyle, and healthcare access of the Brazilian population.

Survey design variables:

For proper statistical analysis with complex survey design, use the following weight variables with the `srvyr` or `survey` packages:

- `V0028`: household weight
- `V0029`: selected person weight
- `V0030`: person weight with non-response adjustment
- `UPA_PNS`: primary sampling unit
- `V0024`: stratum

Parallel downloads:

When downloading multiple years, install **furrr** and **future** and set a parallel plan to speed up downloads: `future::plan(future::multisession, workers = 4)`. See `vignette("healthbR")` for details.

Value

A tibble with PNS microdata.

Data source

Data is downloaded from the IBGE FTP server: <https://ftp.ibge.gov.br/PNS/>

Examples

```
# download PNS 2019 data
df <- pns_data(year = 2019, cache_dir = tempdir())

# download all years
df_all <- pns_data(cache_dir = tempdir())

# select specific variables
df_subset <- pns_data(
  year = 2019,
  vars = c("V0001", "C006", "C008", "V0028"),
  cache_dir = tempdir()
)
```

pns_dictionary *Download PNS variable dictionary*

Description

Downloads and returns the variable dictionary for PNS microdata. The dictionary is cached locally to avoid repeated downloads.

Usage

```
pns_dictionary(year = 2019, cache_dir = NULL, refresh = FALSE)
```

Arguments

year	Numeric. Year to get dictionary for (2013 or 2019). Default is 2019.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching downloaded files. Default uses <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
refresh	Logical. If TRUE, re-download even if file exists in cache. Default is FALSE.

Details

The dictionary includes variable names, labels, and response categories for the PNS microdata. This is useful for understanding the structure of the data returned by [pns_data](#).

Value

A tibble with variable definitions.

Data source

Dictionaries are downloaded from the IBGE FTP server: <https://ftp.ibge.gov.br/PNS/>

Examples

```
# get dictionary for 2019
dict <- pns_dictionary(year = 2019, cache_dir = tempdir())

# get dictionary for 2013
dict_2013 <- pns_dictionary(year = 2013, cache_dir = tempdir())
```

pns_info	<i>PNS survey information</i>
----------	-------------------------------

Description

Displays information about the PNS survey and returns metadata.

Usage

```
pns_info(year = NULL)
```

Arguments

year Numeric. Year to get specific information about. NULL shows general info.

Value

Invisibly returns a list with survey metadata.

Examples

```
pns_info()  
pns_info(2019)
```

pns_modules	<i>List PNS survey modules</i>
-------------	--------------------------------

Description

Returns information about the questionnaire modules available in the PNS.

Usage

```
pns_modules(year = NULL)
```

Arguments

year Numeric. Year to get modules for (2013 or 2019). NULL returns modules for all years. Default is NULL.

Value

A tibble with module codes, names, and descriptions.

Examples

```
pns_modules()  
pns_modules(year = 2019)
```

pns_sidra_data *Get PNS tabulated data from SIDRA API*

Description

Queries the IBGE SIDRA API to retrieve tabulated PNS indicators. Returns pre-aggregated data (prevalences, means, proportions) with confidence intervals and coefficients of variation.

Usage

```
pns_sidra_data(
  table,
  territorial_level = "brazil",
  geo_code = "all",
  year = NULL,
  variable = NULL,
  classifications = NULL,
  raw = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

table	Numeric or character. SIDRA table code. Use <code>pns_sidra_tables()</code> or <code>pns_sidra_search()</code> to find codes.
territorial_level	Character. Geographic level: "brazil" (N1), "region" (N2), "state" (N3), "municipality" (N6). Default "brazil".
geo_code	Character. IBGE code(s) for specific localities. "all" returns all localities at the chosen level. Default "all".
year	Numeric. Year(s) to query. NULL returns all available periods.
variable	Numeric or character. SIDRA variable ID(s). NULL returns all variables excluding metadata. Default NULL.
classifications	Named list. SIDRA classification filters. Example: <code>list("2" = "6794")</code> for sex = total. NULL returns default aggregation. Default NULL.
raw	Logical. If TRUE, returns raw API output without cleaning. Default FALSE.

Value

A tibble with queried indicators.

Examples

```
# self-rated health by state, 2019
pns_sidra_data(
  table = 4751,
  territorial_level = "state",
  year = 2019
)

# same table, Brazil-level, both years
pns_sidra_data(
  table = 4751,
  territorial_level = "brazil",
  year = c(2013, 2019)
)

# hypertension data
pns_sidra_data(
  table = 4416,
  territorial_level = "brazil"
)
```

pns_sidra_search	<i>Search PNS SIDRA tables</i>
------------------	--------------------------------

Description

Searches PNS SIDRA tables by keyword in the table name/description. Supports partial matching, case-insensitive, and accent-insensitive search.

Usage

```
pns_sidra_search(keyword, year = NULL)
```

Arguments

keyword	Character. Search term (minimum 2 characters).
year	Numeric. Filter tables containing data for this year. NULL returns all.

Value

A tibble with matching tables (same structure as `pns_sidra_tables()`).

Examples

```
pns_sidra_search("diabetes")
pns_sidra_search("hipertensao")
pns_sidra_search("fumante")
```

pns_sidra_tables *List PNS SIDRA tables*

Description

Returns a catalog of available SIDRA tables for the PNS, organized by health theme.

Usage

```
pns_sidra_tables(theme = NULL, year = NULL)
```

Arguments

theme	Character. Filter by theme. NULL returns all themes. Available themes: "chronic_diseases", "lifestyle", "health_services", "health_perception", "womens_health", "accidents_violence", "oral_health", "anthropometry", "health_insurance", "disability", "elderly", "tobacco", "alcohol", "physical_activity", "nutrition", "medications", "mental_health", "work_health", "child_health".
year	Numeric. Filter tables that contain data for this year. NULL returns tables for all years.

Value

A tibble with columns: table_code, table_name, theme, theme_label, years, territorial_levels.

Examples

```
# list all tables
pns_sidra_tables()

# filter by theme
pns_sidra_tables(theme = "chronic_diseases")

# tables with 2013 data
pns_sidra_tables(year = 2013)
```

pns_variables *List PNS variables*

Description

Returns a list of available variables in the PNS microdata with their labels. This is a convenience wrapper around [pns_dictionary](#) that returns only unique variable names and labels.

Usage

```
pns_variables(year = 2019, module = NULL, cache_dir = NULL, refresh = FALSE)
```

Arguments

year	Numeric. Year to get variables for (2013 or 2019). Default is 2019.
module	Character. Filter by module code (e.g., "J", "K", "L"). NULL returns all modules. Default is NULL.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching downloaded files. Default uses <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
refresh	Logical. If TRUE, re-download even if file exists in cache. Default is FALSE.

Value

A tibble with variable names and labels.

Examples

```
# list all variables for 2019
pns_variables(year = 2019, cache_dir = tempdir())

# list variables for a specific module
pns_variables(year = 2019, module = "J", cache_dir = tempdir())
```

pns_years	<i>List available PNS survey years</i>
-----------	--

Description

Returns a character vector with available PNS survey years.

Usage

```
pns_years()
```

Value

A character vector of available years.

Examples

```
pns_years()
```

pof_cache_status *Get POF cache status*

Description

Shows cache status including downloaded files and their sizes.

Usage

```
pof_cache_status(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Optional custom cache directory. If NULL (default), uses the standard user cache directory.

Value

A tibble with cache information

See Also

Other pof: [pof_clear_cache\(\)](#), [pof_data\(\)](#), [pof_dictionary\(\)](#), [pof_info\(\)](#), [pof_registers\(\)](#), [pof_variables\(\)](#), [pof_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
pof_cache_status()
```

pof_clear_cache *Clear POF cache*

Description

Removes all cached POF data files.

Usage

```
pof_clear_cache(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Optional custom cache directory. If NULL (default), uses the standard user cache directory.

Value

NULL (invisibly)

See Also

Other pof: [pof_cache_status\(\)](#), [pof_data\(\)](#), [pof_dictionary\(\)](#), [pof_info\(\)](#), [pof_registers\(\)](#), [pof_variables\(\)](#), [pof_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
pof_clear_cache()
```

pof_data

Download and import POF microdata

Description

Downloads POF microdata from IBGE FTP and returns as a tibble. Data is cached locally to avoid repeated downloads.

Usage

```
pof_data(
  year = "2017-2018",
  register = "morador",
  vars = NULL,
  cache_dir = NULL,
  as_survey = FALSE,
  refresh = FALSE,
  lazy = FALSE,
  backend = c("arrow", "duckdb")
)
```

Arguments

year	Character. POF edition (e.g., "2017-2018"). Default is "2017-2018".
register	Character. Which register to download. Use pof_registers() to see available options. Default is "morador".
vars	Character vector. Optional: specific variables to select. If NULL, returns all variables from the register. Default is NULL.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching downloaded files. Default uses <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
as_survey	Logical. If TRUE, returns survey design object. Requires <code>srvyr</code> package. Default is FALSE.
refresh	Logical. If TRUE, re-download even if file exists in cache. Default is FALSE.

lazy	Logical. If TRUE, returns a lazy query object instead of a tibble. Requires the arrow package. The lazy object supports dplyr verbs (filter, select, mutate, etc.) which are pushed down to the query engine before collecting into memory. Call <code>dplyr::collect()</code> to materialize the result. Default: FALSE.
backend	Character. Backend for lazy evaluation: "arrow" (default) or "duckdb". Only used when lazy = TRUE. DuckDB backend requires the duckdb package.

Details

The POF (Pesquisa de Orcamentos Familiares) is a household survey conducted by IBGE that investigates household budgets, living conditions, and nutritional profiles of the Brazilian population.

Health-related data:

The POF contains several health-related modules:

- **EBIA** (Food Security Scale): Available in 2017-2018, variable V6199 in the domicilio register
- **Food Consumption**: Detailed food consumption data in the consumo_alimentar register (2008-2009, 2017-2018)
- **Health Expenses**: Expenses with medications, health insurance, consultations in the despesa_individual register
- **Anthropometry**: Weight, height, BMI in morador register (2008-2009 only)

Survey design:

For proper statistical analysis with complex survey design, use `as_survey = TRUE` which creates a survey design object with:

- Weight variable: PESO_FINAL
- Stratum variable: ESTRATO_POF
- PSU variable: COD_UPA

Value

A tibble with microdata, or `tbl_svy` if `as_survey = TRUE`.

Data source

Data is downloaded from the IBGE FTP server: https://ftp.ibge.gov.br/Orcamentos_Familiares/

See Also

[pof_years](#), [pof_info](#), [pof_registers](#), [pof_variables](#)

Other pof: [pof_cache_status\(\)](#), [pof_clear_cache\(\)](#), [pof_dictionary\(\)](#), [pof_info\(\)](#), [pof_registers\(\)](#), [pof_variables\(\)](#), [pof_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# basic usage - download morador register
morador <- pof_data("2017-2018", "morador", cache_dir = tempdir())

# download domicilio register (includes EBIA)
domicilio <- pof_data("2017-2018", "domicilio", cache_dir = tempdir())

# select specific variables
df <- pof_data(
  "2017-2018", "morador",
  vars = c("COD_UPA", "ESTRATO_POF", "PESO_FINAL", "V0403"),
  cache_dir = tempdir()
)

# with survey design (requires srvyr package)
morador_svy <- pof_data("2017-2018", "morador", as_survey = TRUE,
  cache_dir = tempdir())
```

pof_dictionary	<i>Get POF variable dictionary</i>
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Description

Downloads and returns the variable dictionary for POF microdata. The dictionary is cached locally to avoid repeated downloads.

Usage

```
pof_dictionary(
  year = "2017-2018",
  register = NULL,
  cache_dir = NULL,
  refresh = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

year	Character. POF edition (e.g., "2017-2018"). Default is "2017-2018".
register	Character. Register name. If NULL, returns all registers. Default is NULL.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching downloaded files. Default uses <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
refresh	Logical. If TRUE, re-download even if file exists in cache. Default is FALSE.

Value

A tibble with variable definitions including: variable, description, position, length, decimals, register.

See Also

[pof_variables](#), [pof_data](#)

Other pof: [pof_cache_status\(\)](#), [pof_clear_cache\(\)](#), [pof_data\(\)](#), [pof_info\(\)](#), [pof_registers\(\)](#), [pof_variables\(\)](#), [pof_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
pof_dictionary("2017-2018", "morador", cache_dir = tempdir())
```

pof_info

Get POF survey information

Description

Returns metadata about the POF survey edition including available health modules and sampling design information.

Usage

```
pof_info(year = "2017-2018")
```

Arguments

year Character. POF edition (e.g., "2017-2018"). Default is "2017-2018".

Value

A list with survey metadata (invisibly).

See Also

[pof_years](#), [pof_data](#)

Other pof: [pof_cache_status\(\)](#), [pof_clear_cache\(\)](#), [pof_data\(\)](#), [pof_dictionary\(\)](#), [pof_registers\(\)](#), [pof_variables\(\)](#), [pof_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
pof_info()
pof_info("2017-2018")
pof_info("2008-2009")
```

pof_registers	<i>List POF registers</i>
---------------	---------------------------

Description

Returns information about the data registers available in the POF.

Usage

```
pof_registers(year = "2017-2018", health_only = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`year` Character. POF edition (e.g., "2017-2018"). Default is "2017-2018".
`health_only` Logical. If TRUE, returns only health-related registers. Default is FALSE.

Value

A tibble with register names and descriptions.

See Also

Other pof: [pof_cache_status\(\)](#), [pof_clear_cache\(\)](#), [pof_data\(\)](#), [pof_dictionary\(\)](#), [pof_info\(\)](#), [pof_variables\(\)](#), [pof_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
pof_registers()  
pof_registers("2017-2018", health_only = TRUE)
```

pof_variables	<i>List POF variables</i>
---------------	---------------------------

Description

Returns a list of available variables in the POF microdata with their labels. This is a convenience wrapper around [pof_dictionary](#) that returns a simplified view.

Usage

```
pof_variables(  
  year = "2017-2018",  
  register = NULL,  
  search = NULL,  
  cache_dir = NULL,  
  refresh = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

year	Character. POF edition (e.g., "2017-2018"). Default is "2017-2018".
register	Character. Register name (e.g., "morador", "domicilio"). If NULL, returns variables from all registers. Default is NULL.
search	Character. Optional search term to filter variables by name or description. Default is NULL.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching downloaded files. Default uses <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
refresh	Logical. If TRUE, re-download even if file exists in cache. Default is FALSE.

Value

A tibble with columns: variable, description, position, length, register.

See Also

[pof_dictionary](#), [pof_data](#)

Other pof: [pof_cache_status\(\)](#), [pof_clear_cache\(\)](#), [pof_data\(\)](#), [pof_dictionary\(\)](#), [pof_info\(\)](#), [pof_registers\(\)](#), [pof_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
pof_variables("2017-2018", "morador", cache_dir = tempdir())
pof_variables("2017-2018", "domicilio", search = "ebia", cache_dir = tempdir())
```

pof_years

List available POF survey years

Description

Returns a character vector with available POF survey years.

Usage

```
pof_years()
```

Value

A character vector of available years in "YYYY-YYYY" format.

See Also

Other pof: [pof_cache_status\(\)](#), [pof_clear_cache\(\)](#), [pof_data\(\)](#), [pof_dictionary\(\)](#), [pof_info\(\)](#), [pof_registers\(\)](#), [pof_variables\(\)](#)

Examples

```
pof_years()
```

sia_cache_status	<i>Show SIA Cache Status</i>
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Description

Shows information about cached SIA data files.

Usage

```
sia_cache_status(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Cache directory path. Default: tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache").

Value

A tibble with cache file information (invisibly).

See Also

Other sia: [sia_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sia_data\(\)](#), [sia_dictionary\(\)](#), [sia_info\(\)](#), [sia_variables\(\)](#), [sia_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sia_cache_status()
```

sia_clear_cache	<i>Clear SIA Cache</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

Deletes cached SIA data files.

Usage

```
sia_clear_cache(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Cache directory path. Default: tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache").

Value

Invisible NULL.

See Also

Other sia: [sia_cache_status\(\)](#), [sia_data\(\)](#), [sia_dictionary\(\)](#), [sia_info\(\)](#), [sia_variables\(\)](#), [sia_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sia_clear_cache()
```

sia_data

Download SIA Outpatient Production Microdata

Description

Downloads and returns outpatient production microdata from DATASUS FTP. Each row represents one outpatient production record. Data is organized monthly – one .dbc file per type, state (UF), and month.

Usage

```
sia_data(
  year,
  type = "PA",
  month = NULL,
  vars = NULL,
  uf = NULL,
  procedure = NULL,
  diagnosis = NULL,
  parse = TRUE,
  col_types = NULL,
  cache = TRUE,
  cache_dir = NULL,
  lazy = FALSE,
  backend = c("arrow", "duckdb")
)
```

Arguments

year	Integer. Year(s) of the data. Required.
type	Character. File type to download. Default: "PA" (outpatient production). See sia_info() for all 13 types.
month	Integer. Month(s) of the data (1-12). If NULL (default), downloads all 12 months. Example: 1 (January), 1:6 (first semester).

vars	Character vector. Variables to keep. If NULL (default), returns all available variables. Use <code>sia_variables()</code> to see available variables.
uf	Character. Two-letter state abbreviation(s) to download. If NULL (default), downloads all 27 states. Example: "SP", <code>c("SP", "RJ")</code> .
procedure	Character. SIGTAP procedure code pattern(s) to filter by (PA_PROC_ID). Supports partial matching (prefix). If NULL (default), returns all procedures. Example: "0301" (consultations).
diagnosis	Character. CID-10 code pattern(s) to filter by principal diagnosis (PA_CIDPRI). Supports partial matching (prefix). If NULL (default), returns all diagnoses. Example: "J" (respiratory diseases).
parse	Logical. If TRUE (default), converts columns to appropriate types (integer, double, Date) based on the variable metadata. Use <code>sia_variables()</code> to see the target type for each variable. Set to FALSE for backward-compatible all-character output.
col_types	Named list. Override the default type for specific columns. Names are column names, values are type strings: "character", "integer", "double", "date_dmy", "date_ymd", "date_ym", "date". Example: <code>list(PA_VALAPR = "character")</code> to keep PA_VALAPR as character.
cache	Logical. If TRUE (default), caches downloaded data for faster future access.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching. Default: <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
lazy	Logical. If TRUE, returns a lazy query object instead of a tibble. Requires the arrow package. The lazy object supports dplyr verbs (filter, select, mutate, etc.) which are pushed down to the query engine before collecting into memory. Call <code>dplyr::collect()</code> to materialize the result. Default: FALSE.
backend	Character. Backend for lazy evaluation: "arrow" (default) or "duckdb". Only used when lazy = TRUE. DuckDB backend requires the duckdb package.

Details

Data is downloaded from DATASUS FTP as .dbc files (one per type/state/month). The .dbc format is decompressed internally using vendored C code from the blast library. No external dependencies are required.

SIA data is monthly, so downloading an entire year for all states requires 324 files (27 UFs x 12 months) per type. Use `uf` and `month` to limit downloads.

The SIA has 13 file types. The default "PA" (outpatient production) is the most commonly used. Use `sia_info()` to see all types.

Parallel downloads:

When downloading multiple files (e.g., several months or states), install **furrr** and **future** and set a parallel plan to speed up downloads: `future::plan(future::multisession, workers = 4)`. See `vignette("healthbR")` for details.

Value

A tibble with outpatient production microdata. Includes columns `year`, `month`, and `uf_source` to identify the source when multiple years/months/states are combined.

See Also

[sia_info\(\)](#) for file type descriptions, [censo_populacao\(\)](#) for population denominators.

Other sia: [sia_cache_status\(\)](#), [sia_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sia_dictionary\(\)](#), [sia_info\(\)](#), [sia_variables\(\)](#), [sia_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# all outpatient production in Acre, January 2022
ac_jan <- sia_data(year = 2022, month = 1, uf = "AC")

# filter by procedure code
consult <- sia_data(year = 2022, month = 1, uf = "AC",
                    procedure = "0301")

# filter by diagnosis (CID-10)
resp <- sia_data(year = 2022, month = 1, uf = "AC",
                 diagnosis = "J")

# only key variables
sia_data(year = 2022, month = 1, uf = "AC",
         vars = c("PA_PROC_ID", "PA_CIDPRI", "PA_SEXO",
                  "PA_IDADE", "PA_VALAPR"))

# different file type (APAC Medicamentos)
med <- sia_data(year = 2022, month = 1, uf = "AC", type = "AM")
```

sia_dictionary

SIA Data Dictionary

Description

Returns a tibble with the complete data dictionary for the SIA, including variable descriptions and category labels.

Usage

```
sia_dictionary(variable = NULL)
```

Arguments

variable Character. If provided, returns dictionary for a specific variable only. Default: NULL (returns all variables).

Value

A tibble with columns: variable, description, code, label.

See Also

Other sia: [sia_cache_status\(\)](#), [sia_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sia_data\(\)](#), [sia_info\(\)](#), [sia_variables\(\)](#), [sia_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sia_dictionary()  
sia_dictionary("PA_SEXO")  
sia_dictionary("PA_RACACOR")
```

sia_info

SIA Module Information

Description

Displays information about the Outpatient Information System (SIA), including data sources, available years, file types, and usage guidance.

Usage

```
sia_info()
```

Value

A list with module information (invisibly).

See Also

Other sia: [sia_cache_status\(\)](#), [sia_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sia_data\(\)](#), [sia_dictionary\(\)](#), [sia_variables\(\)](#), [sia_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sia_info()
```

sia_variables	<i>List SIA Variables</i>
---------------	---------------------------

Description

Returns a tibble with available variables in the SIA microdata (PA type), including descriptions and value types.

Usage

```
sia_variables(type = "PA", search = NULL)
```

Arguments

type	Character. File type to show variables for. Currently only "PA" is fully documented. Default: "PA".
search	Character. Optional search term to filter variables by name or description. Case-insensitive and accent-insensitive.

Value

A tibble with columns: variable, description, type, section.

See Also

Other sia: [sia_cache_status\(\)](#), [sia_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sia_data\(\)](#), [sia_dictionary\(\)](#), [sia_info\(\)](#), [sia_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sia_variables()
sia_variables(search = "sexo")
sia_variables(search = "procedimento")
```

sia_years	<i>List Available SIA Years</i>
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Description

Returns an integer vector with years for which outpatient production microdata are available from DATASUS FTP.

Usage

```
sia_years(status = "final")
```

Arguments

- status Character. Filter by data status. One of:
- "final": Definitive data only (default).
 - "preliminary": Preliminary data only.
 - "all": All available data (definitive + preliminary).

Value

An integer vector of available years.

See Also

Other sia: [sia_cache_status\(\)](#), [sia_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sia_data\(\)](#), [sia_dictionary\(\)](#), [sia_info\(\)](#), [sia_variables\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sia_years()
sia_years(status = "all")
```

sih_cache_status *Show SIH Cache Status*

Description

Shows information about cached SIH data files.

Usage

```
sih_cache_status(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

- cache_dir Character. Cache directory path. Default: `tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")`.

Value

A tibble with cache file information (invisibly).

See Also

Other sih: [sih_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sih_data\(\)](#), [sih_dictionary\(\)](#), [sih_info\(\)](#), [sih_variables\(\)](#), [sih_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sih_cache_status()
```

sih_clear_cache	<i>Clear SIH Cache</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

Deletes cached SIH data files.

Usage

```
sih_clear_cache(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir	Character. Cache directory path. Default: <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
-----------	---

Value

Invisible NULL.

See Also

Other sih: [sih_cache_status\(\)](#), [sih_data\(\)](#), [sih_dictionary\(\)](#), [sih_info\(\)](#), [sih_variables\(\)](#), [sih_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sih_clear_cache()
```

sih_data	<i>Download SIH Hospital Admission Microdata</i>
----------	--

Description

Downloads and returns hospital admission microdata from DATASUS FTP. Each row represents one hospital admission record (AIH). Data is organized monthly – one .dbc file per state (UF) per month.

Usage

```

sih_data(
  year,
  month = NULL,
  vars = NULL,
  uf = NULL,
  diagnosis = NULL,
  parse = TRUE,
  col_types = NULL,
  cache = TRUE,
  cache_dir = NULL,
  lazy = FALSE,
  backend = c("arrow", "duckdb")
)

```

Arguments

year	Integer. Year(s) of the data. Required.
month	Integer. Month(s) of the data (1-12). If NULL (default), downloads all 12 months. Example: 1 (January), 1:6 (first semester).
vars	Character vector. Variables to keep. If NULL (default), returns all available variables. Use sih_variables() to see available variables.
uf	Character. Two-letter state abbreviation(s) to download. If NULL (default), downloads all 27 states. Example: "SP", c("SP", "RJ").
diagnosis	Character. CID-10 code pattern(s) to filter by principal diagnosis (DIAG_PRINC). Supports partial matching (prefix). If NULL (default), returns all diagnoses. Example: "I21" (acute myocardial infarction), "J" (respiratory).
parse	Logical. If TRUE (default), converts columns to appropriate types (integer, double, Date) based on the variable metadata. Use sih_variables() to see the target type for each variable. Set to FALSE for backward-compatible all-character output.
col_types	Named list. Override the default type for specific columns. Names are column names, values are type strings: "character", "integer", "double", "date_dmy", "date_ymd", "date_ym", "date". Example: list(VAL_TOT = "character") to keep VAL_TOT as character.
cache	Logical. If TRUE (default), caches downloaded data for faster future access.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching. Default: tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache").
lazy	Logical. If TRUE, returns a lazy query object instead of a tibble. Requires the arrow package. The lazy object supports dplyr verbs (filter, select, mutate, etc.) which are pushed down to the query engine before collecting into memory. Call <code>dplyr::collect()</code> to materialize the result. Default: FALSE.
backend	Character. Backend for lazy evaluation: "arrow" (default) or "duckdb". Only used when lazy = TRUE. DuckDB backend requires the duckdb package.

Details

Data is downloaded from DATASUS FTP as .dbc files (one per state per month). The .dbc format is decompressed internally using vendored C code from the blast library. No external dependencies are required.

SIH data is monthly, so downloading an entire year for all states requires 324 files (27 UFs x 12 months). Use `uf` and `month` to limit downloads.

Parallel downloads:

When downloading multiple files (e.g., several months or states), install **furrr** and **future** and set a parallel plan to speed up downloads: `future::plan(future::multisession, workers = 4)`. See `vignette("healthbR")` for details.

Value

A tibble with hospital admission microdata. Includes columns `year`, `month`, and `uf_source` to identify the source when multiple years/months/states are combined.

See Also

[censo_populacao\(\)](#) for population denominators to calculate hospitalization rates.

Other `sih`: [sih_cache_status\(\)](#), [sih_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sih_dictionary\(\)](#), [sih_info\(\)](#), [sih_variables\(\)](#), [sih_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# all admissions in Acre, January 2022
ac_jan <- sih_data(year = 2022, month = 1, uf = "AC")

# heart attacks in Sao Paulo, first semester 2022
infarct_sp <- sih_data(year = 2022, month = 1:6, uf = "SP",
  diagnosis = "I21")

# only key variables, Rio de Janeiro, March 2022
sih_data(year = 2022, month = 3, uf = "RJ",
  vars = c("DIAG_PRINC", "DT_INTER", "SEXO",
    "IDADE", "MORTE", "VAL_TOT"))
```

sih_dictionary

SIH Data Dictionary

Description

Returns a tibble with the complete data dictionary for the SIH, including variable descriptions and category labels.

Usage

```
sih_dictionary(variable = NULL)
```

Arguments

variable Character. If provided, returns dictionary for a specific variable only. Default: NULL (returns all variables).

Value

A tibble with columns: variable, description, code, label.

See Also

Other sih: [sih_cache_status\(\)](#), [sih_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sih_data\(\)](#), [sih_info\(\)](#), [sih_variables\(\)](#), [sih_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sih_dictionary()  
sih_dictionary("SEXO")  
sih_dictionary("CAR_INT")
```

sih_info

SIH Module Information

Description

Displays information about the Hospital Information System (SIH), including data sources, available years, and usage guidance.

Usage

```
sih_info()
```

Value

A list with module information (invisibly).

See Also

Other sih: [sih_cache_status\(\)](#), [sih_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sih_data\(\)](#), [sih_dictionary\(\)](#), [sih_variables\(\)](#), [sih_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sih_info()
```

sih_variables	<i>List SIH Variables</i>
---------------	---------------------------

Description

Returns a tibble with available variables in the SIH microdata, including descriptions and value types.

Usage

```
sih_variables(year = NULL, search = NULL)
```

Arguments

year	Integer. If provided, returns variables available for that specific year (reserved for future use). Default: NULL.
search	Character. Optional search term to filter variables by name or description. Case-insensitive.

Value

A tibble with columns: variable, description, type, section.

See Also

Other sih: [sih_cache_status\(\)](#), [sih_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sih_data\(\)](#), [sih_dictionary\(\)](#), [sih_info\(\)](#), [sih_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sih_variables()
sih_variables(search = "diag")
sih_variables(search = "valor")
```

sih_years	<i>List Available SIH Years</i>
-----------	---------------------------------

Description

Returns an integer vector with years for which hospital admission microdata are available from DATASUS FTP.

Usage

```
sih_years(status = "final")
```

Arguments

status Character. Filter by data status. One of:

- "final": Definitive data only (default).
- "preliminary": Preliminary data only.
- "all": All available data (definitive + preliminary).

Value

An integer vector of available years.

See Also

Other sih: [sih_cache_status\(\)](#), [sih_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sih_data\(\)](#), [sih_dictionary\(\)](#), [sih_info\(\)](#), [sih_variables\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sih_years()
sih_years(status = "all")
```

sim_cache_status *Show SIM Cache Status*

Description

Shows information about cached SIM data files.

Usage

```
sim_cache_status(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Cache directory path. Default: `tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")`.

Value

A tibble with cache file information (invisibly).

See Also

Other sim: [sim_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sim_data\(\)](#), [sim_dictionary\(\)](#), [sim_info\(\)](#), [sim_variables\(\)](#), [sim_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sim_cache_status()
```

sim_clear_cache	<i>Clear SIM Cache</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

Deletes cached SIM data files.

Usage

```
sim_clear_cache(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Cache directory path. Default: tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache").

Value

Invisible NULL.

See Also

Other sim: [sim_cache_status\(\)](#), [sim_data\(\)](#), [sim_dictionary\(\)](#), [sim_info\(\)](#), [sim_variables\(\)](#), [sim_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sim_clear_cache()
```

sim_data	<i>Download SIM Mortality Microdata</i>
----------	---

Description

Downloads and returns mortality microdata from DATASUS FTP. Each row represents one death record (Declaracao de Obito). Data is downloaded per state (UF) as compressed .dbc files, decompressed internally, and returned as a tibble.

Usage

```
sim_data(
  year,
  vars = NULL,
  uf = NULL,
  cause = NULL,
  decode_age = TRUE,
  parse = TRUE,
  col_types = NULL,
  cache = TRUE,
  cache_dir = NULL,
  lazy = FALSE,
  backend = c("arrow", "duckdb")
)
```

Arguments

year	Integer. Year(s) of the data. Required.
vars	Character vector. Variables to keep. If NULL (default), returns all available variables. Use <code>sim_variables()</code> to see available variables.
uf	Character. Two-letter state abbreviation(s) to download. If NULL (default), downloads all 27 states. Example: "SP", <code>c("SP", "RJ")</code> .
cause	Character. CID-10 code pattern(s) to filter by cause of death (CAUSABAS). Supports partial matching (prefix). If NULL (default), returns all causes. Example: "I21" (infarct), "C" (all neoplasms).
decode_age	Logical. If TRUE (default), adds a numeric column <code>age_years</code> with age in years decoded from the <code>IDAE</code> variable.
parse	Logical. If TRUE (default), converts columns to appropriate types (integer, double, Date) based on the variable metadata. Use <code>sim_variables()</code> to see the target type for each variable. Set to FALSE for backward-compatible all-character output.
col_types	Named list. Override the default type for specific columns. Names are column names, values are type strings: "character", "integer", "double", "date_dmy", "date_ymd", "date_ym", "date". Example: <code>list(PESO = "character")</code> to keep PESO as character.
cache	Logical. If TRUE (default), caches downloaded data for faster future access.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching. Default: <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
lazy	Logical. If TRUE, returns a lazy query object instead of a tibble. Requires the arrow package. The lazy object supports dplyr verbs (<code>filter</code> , <code>select</code> , <code>mutate</code> , etc.) which are pushed down to the query engine before collecting into memory. Call <code>dplyr::collect()</code> to materialize the result. Default: FALSE.
backend	Character. Backend for lazy evaluation: "arrow" (default) or "duckdb". Only used when <code>lazy = TRUE</code> . DuckDB backend requires the duckdb package.

Details

Data is downloaded from DATASUS FTP as .dbc files (one per state per year). The .dbc format is decompressed internally using vendored C code from the blast library. No external dependencies are required.

When `uf` is specified, only the requested state(s) are downloaded, making the operation much faster than downloading the entire country.

Parallel downloads:

When downloading multiple files (e.g., several years or states), install **furrr** and **future** and set a parallel plan to speed up downloads: `future::plan(future::multisession, workers = 4)`. See `vignette("healthbR")` for details.

Value

A tibble with mortality microdata. Includes columns `year` and `uf_source` to identify the source when multiple years/states are combined.

See Also

[censo_populacao\(\)](#) for population denominators to calculate mortality rates.

Other sim: [sim_cache_status\(\)](#), [sim_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sim_dictionary\(\)](#), [sim_info\(\)](#), [sim_variables\(\)](#), [sim_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# all deaths in Acre, 2022
ac_2022 <- sim_data(year = 2022, uf = "AC")

# deaths by infarct in Sao Paulo, 2020-2022
infarct_sp <- sim_data(year = 2020:2022, uf = "SP", cause = "I21")

# only key variables, Rio de Janeiro, 2022
sim_data(year = 2022, uf = "RJ",
         vars = c("DTOBITO", "SEXO", "IDADE",
                 "RACACOR", "CODMUNRES", "CAUSABAS"))
```

sim_dictionary

SIM Data Dictionary

Description

Returns a tibble with the complete data dictionary for the SIM, including variable descriptions and category labels.

Usage

```
sim_dictionary(variable = NULL)
```

Arguments

variable Character. If provided, returns dictionary for a specific variable only. Default: NULL (returns all variables).

Value

A tibble with columns: variable, description, code, label.

See Also

Other sim: [sim_cache_status\(\)](#), [sim_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sim_data\(\)](#), [sim_info\(\)](#), [sim_variables\(\)](#), [sim_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sim_dictionary()  
sim_dictionary("SEX0")  
sim_dictionary("RACACOR")
```

sim_info

SIM Module Information

Description

Displays information about the Mortality Information System (SIM), including data sources, available years, and usage guidance.

Usage

```
sim_info()
```

Value

A list with module information (invisibly).

See Also

Other sim: [sim_cache_status\(\)](#), [sim_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sim_data\(\)](#), [sim_dictionary\(\)](#), [sim_variables\(\)](#), [sim_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sim_info()
```

sim_variables *List SIM Variables*

Description

Returns a tibble with available variables in the SIM microdata, including descriptions and value types.

Usage

```
sim_variables(year = NULL, search = NULL)
```

Arguments

year	Integer. If provided, returns variables available for that specific year (reserved for future use). Default: NULL.
search	Character. Optional search term to filter variables by name or description. Case-insensitive.

Value

A tibble with columns: variable, description, type, section.

See Also

Other sim: [sim_cache_status\(\)](#), [sim_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sim_data\(\)](#), [sim_dictionary\(\)](#), [sim_info\(\)](#), [sim_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sim_variables()
sim_variables(search = "causa")
sim_variables(search = "mae")
```

sim_years *List Available SIM Years*

Description

Returns an integer vector with years for which mortality microdata are available from DATASUS FTP.

Usage

```
sim_years(status = "final")
```

Arguments

status Character. Filter by data status. One of:

- "final": Definitive data only (default).
- "preliminary": Preliminary data only.
- "all": All available data (definitive + preliminary).

Value

An integer vector of available years.

See Also

Other sim: [sim_cache_status\(\)](#), [sim_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sim_data\(\)](#), [sim_dictionary\(\)](#), [sim_info\(\)](#), [sim_variables\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sim_years()
sim_years(status = "all")
```

sinan_cache_status *Show SINAN Cache Status*

Description

Shows information about cached SINAN data files.

Usage

```
sinan_cache_status(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Cache directory path. Default: `tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")`.

Value

A tibble with cache file information (invisibly).

See Also

Other sinan: [sinan_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sinan_data\(\)](#), [sinan_dictionary\(\)](#), [sinan_diseases\(\)](#), [sinan_info\(\)](#), [sinan_variables\(\)](#), [sinan_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sinan_cache_status()
```

sinan_clear_cache	<i>Clear SINAN Cache</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

Description

Deletes cached SINAN data files.

Usage

```
sinan_clear_cache(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Cache directory path. Default: `tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")`.

Value

Invisible NULL.

See Also

Other sinan: [sinan_cache_status\(\)](#), [sinan_data\(\)](#), [sinan_dictionary\(\)](#), [sinan_diseases\(\)](#), [sinan_info\(\)](#), [sinan_variables\(\)](#), [sinan_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sinan_clear_cache()
```

sinan_data	<i>Download SINAN Notifiable Disease Microdata</i>
------------	--

Description

Downloads and returns notifiable disease microdata from DATASUS FTP. Each row represents one notification record (Ficha de Notificacao). Data is downloaded as national .dbc files (one file per disease per year), decompressed internally, and returned as a tibble.

Usage

```
sinan_data(
  year,
  disease = "DENG",
  vars = NULL,
  parse = TRUE,
  col_types = NULL,
  cache = TRUE,
  cache_dir = NULL,
  lazy = FALSE,
  backend = c("arrow", "duckdb")
)
```

Arguments

year	Integer. Year(s) of the data. Required.
disease	Character. Disease code to download. Default: "DENG" (Dengue). Use <code>sinan_diseases()</code> to see all available codes.
vars	Character vector. Variables to keep. If NULL (default), returns all available variables. Use <code>sinan_variables()</code> to see available variables.
parse	Logical. If TRUE (default), converts columns to appropriate types (integer, double, Date) based on the variable metadata. Use <code>sinan_variables()</code> to see the target type for each variable. Set to FALSE for backward-compatible all-character output.
col_types	Named list. Override the default type for specific columns. Names are column names, values are type strings: "character", "integer", "double", "date_dmy", "date_ymd", "date_ym", "date". Example: <code>list(DT_NOTIFIC = "character")</code> to keep DT_NOTIFIC as character.
cache	Logical. If TRUE (default), caches downloaded data for faster future access.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching. Default: <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
lazy	Logical. If TRUE, returns a lazy query object instead of a tibble. Requires the arrow package. The lazy object supports dplyr verbs (filter, select, mutate, etc.) which are pushed down to the query engine before collecting into memory. Call <code>dplyr::collect()</code> to materialize the result. Default: FALSE.
backend	Character. Backend for lazy evaluation: "arrow" (default) or "duckdb". Only used when lazy = TRUE. DuckDB backend requires the duckdb package.

Details

SINAN files are national (not per-state). Each file contains all notifications for a given disease in a given year across all of Brazil. To filter by state, use the SG_UF_NOT (UF of notification) or ID_MUNICIP (municipality code) columns after download.

Data is downloaded from DATASUS FTP as .dbc files. The .dbc format is decompressed internally using vendored C code from the blast library. No external dependencies are required.

Parallel downloads:

When downloading multiple files (e.g., several years or diseases), install **furrr** and **future** and set a parallel plan to speed up downloads: `future::plan(future::multisession, workers = 4)`. See `vignette("healthbr")` for details.

Value

A tibble with notifiable disease microdata. Includes columns `year` and `disease` to identify the source when multiple years are combined.

See Also

Other sinan: [sinan_cache_status\(\)](#), [sinan_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sinan_dictionary\(\)](#), [sinan_diseases\(\)](#), [sinan_info\(\)](#), [sinan_variables\(\)](#), [sinan_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# dengue notifications, 2022
dengue_2022 <- sinan_data(year = 2022)

# tuberculosis, 2020-2022
tb <- sinan_data(year = 2020:2022, disease = "TUBE")

# only key variables
sinan_data(year = 2022, disease = "DENG",
           vars = c("DT_NOTIFIC", "CS_SEXO", "NU_IDADE_N",
                   "CS_RACA", "ID_MUNICIP", "CLASSI_FIN"))
```

sinan_dictionary

SINAN Data Dictionary

Description

Returns a tibble with the complete data dictionary for the SINAN, including variable descriptions and category labels.

Usage

```
sinan_dictionary(variable = NULL)
```

Arguments

`variable` Character. If provided, returns dictionary for a specific variable only. Default: NULL (returns all variables).

Value

A tibble with columns: `variable`, `description`, `code`, `label`.

See Also

Other sinan: [sinan_cache_status\(\)](#), [sinan_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sinan_data\(\)](#), [sinan_diseases\(\)](#), [sinan_info\(\)](#), [sinan_variables\(\)](#), [sinan_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sinan_dictionary()  
sinan_dictionary("CS_SEXO")  
sinan_dictionary("EVOLUCAO")
```

sinan_diseases

List Available SINAN Diseases

Description

Returns a tibble with all notifiable diseases (agravos) available in SINAN, including codes, names, and descriptions.

Usage

```
sinan_diseases(search = NULL)
```

Arguments

search Character. Optional search term to filter diseases by code, name, or description. Case-insensitive and accent-insensitive.

Value

A tibble with columns: code, name, description.

See Also

Other sinan: [sinan_cache_status\(\)](#), [sinan_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sinan_data\(\)](#), [sinan_dictionary\(\)](#), [sinan_info\(\)](#), [sinan_variables\(\)](#), [sinan_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sinan_diseases()  
sinan_diseases(search = "dengue")  
sinan_diseases(search = "sifilis")
```

sinan_info *SINAN Module Information*

Description

Displays information about the Notifiable Diseases Information System (SINAN), including data sources, available years, diseases, and usage guidance.

Usage

```
sinan_info()
```

Value

A list with module information (invisibly).

See Also

Other sinan: [sinan_cache_status\(\)](#), [sinan_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sinan_data\(\)](#), [sinan_dictionary\(\)](#), [sinan_diseases\(\)](#), [sinan_variables\(\)](#), [sinan_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sinan_info()
```

sinan_variables *List SINAN Variables*

Description

Returns a tibble with available variables in the SINAN microdata, including descriptions and value types.

Usage

```
sinan_variables(disease = "DENG", search = NULL)
```

Arguments

disease	Character. Disease code (e.g., "DENG"). Currently not used for filtering but reserved for future disease-specific variables. Default: "DENG".
search	Character. Optional search term to filter variables by name or description. Case-insensitive and accent-insensitive.

Value

A tibble with columns: variable, description, type, section.

See Also

Other sinan: [sinan_cache_status\(\)](#), [sinan_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sinan_data\(\)](#), [sinan_dictionary\(\)](#), [sinan_diseases\(\)](#), [sinan_info\(\)](#), [sinan_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sinan_variables()
sinan_variables(search = "sexo")
sinan_variables(search = "municipio")
```

sinan_years

List Available SINAN Years

Description

Returns an integer vector with years for which notifiable diseases microdata are available from DATASUS FTP.

Usage

```
sinan_years(status = "final")
```

Arguments

status Character. Filter by data status. One of:

- "final": Definitive data only (default).
- "preliminary": Preliminary data only.
- "all": All available data (definitive + preliminary).

Value

An integer vector of available years.

See Also

Other sinan: [sinan_cache_status\(\)](#), [sinan_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sinan_data\(\)](#), [sinan_dictionary\(\)](#), [sinan_diseases\(\)](#), [sinan_info\(\)](#), [sinan_variables\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sinan_years()
sinan_years(status = "all")
```

sinasc_cache_status *Show SINASC Cache Status*

Description

Shows information about cached SINASC data files.

Usage

```
sinasc_cache_status(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Cache directory path. Default: `tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")`.

Value

A tibble with cache file information (invisibly).

See Also

Other sinasc: [sinasc_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sinasc_data\(\)](#), [sinasc_dictionary\(\)](#), [sinasc_info\(\)](#), [sinasc_variables\(\)](#), [sinasc_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sinasc_cache_status()
```

sinasc_clear_cache *Clear SINASC Cache*

Description

Deletes cached SINASC data files.

Usage

```
sinasc_clear_cache(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Cache directory path. Default: `tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")`.

Value

Invisible NULL.

See Also

Other sinasc: [sinasc_cache_status\(\)](#), [sinasc_data\(\)](#), [sinasc_dictionary\(\)](#), [sinasc_info\(\)](#), [sinasc_variables\(\)](#), [sinasc_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sinasc_clear_cache()
```

sinasc_data

Download SINASC Live Birth Microdata

Description

Downloads and returns live birth microdata from DATASUS FTP. Each row represents one live birth record (Declaracao de Nascido Vivo). Data is downloaded per state (UF) as compressed .dbc files, decompressed internally, and returned as a tibble.

Usage

```
sinasc_data(
  year,
  vars = NULL,
  uf = NULL,
  anomaly = NULL,
  parse = TRUE,
  col_types = NULL,
  cache = TRUE,
  cache_dir = NULL,
  lazy = FALSE,
  backend = c("arrow", "duckdb")
)
```

Arguments

year	Integer. Year(s) of the data. Required.
vars	Character vector. Variables to keep. If NULL (default), returns all available variables. Use sinasc_variables() to see available variables.
uf	Character. Two-letter state abbreviation(s) to download. If NULL (default), downloads all 27 states. Example: "SP", c("SP", "RJ").
anomaly	Character. CID-10 code pattern(s) to filter by congenital anomaly (CODANOMAL). Supports partial matching (prefix). If NULL (default), returns all records. Example: "Q90" (Down syndrome), "Q" (all anomalies).

parse	Logical. If TRUE (default), converts columns to appropriate types (integer, double, Date) based on the variable metadata. Use <code>sinasc_variables()</code> to see the target type for each variable. Set to FALSE for backward-compatible all-character output.
col_types	Named list. Override the default type for specific columns. Names are column names, values are type strings: "character", "integer", "double", "date_dmy", "date_ymd", "date_ym", "date". Example: <code>list(PESO = "character")</code> to keep PESO as character.
cache	Logical. If TRUE (default), caches downloaded data for faster future access.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching. Default: <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
lazy	Logical. If TRUE, returns a lazy query object instead of a tibble. Requires the arrow package. The lazy object supports dplyr verbs (filter, select, mutate, etc.) which are pushed down to the query engine before collecting into memory. Call <code>dplyr::collect()</code> to materialize the result. Default: FALSE.
backend	Character. Backend for lazy evaluation: "arrow" (default) or "duckdb". Only used when lazy = TRUE. DuckDB backend requires the duckdb package.

Details

Data is downloaded from DATASUS FTP as .dbc files (one per state per year). The .dbc format is decompressed internally using vendored C code from the blast library. No external dependencies are required.

When `uf` is specified, only the requested state(s) are downloaded, making the operation much faster than downloading the entire country.

Parallel downloads:

When downloading multiple files (e.g., several years or states), install **furrr** and **future** and set a parallel plan to speed up downloads: `future::plan(future::multisession, workers = 4)`. See `vignette("healthbR")` for details.

Value

A tibble with live birth microdata. Includes columns `year` and `uf_source` to identify the source when multiple years/states are combined.

See Also

`censo_populacao()` for population denominators to calculate birth rates.

Other `sinasc`: `sinasc_cache_status()`, `sinasc_clear_cache()`, `sinasc_dictionary()`, `sinasc_info()`, `sinasc_variables()`, `sinasc_years()`

Examples

```
# all births in Acre, 2022
ac_2022 <- sinasc_data(year = 2022, uf = "AC")

# births with anomalies in Sao Paulo, 2020-2022
```

```
anomalies_sp <- sinasc_data(year = 2020:2022, uf = "SP", anomaly = "Q")

# only key variables, Rio de Janeiro, 2022
sinasc_data(year = 2022, uf = "RJ",
            vars = c("DTNASC", "SEXO", "PESO",
                    "IDADEMAE", "PARTO", "CONSULTAS"))
```

sinasc_dictionary	<i>SINASC Data Dictionary</i>
-------------------	-------------------------------

Description

Returns a tibble with the complete data dictionary for the SINASC, including variable descriptions and category labels.

Usage

```
sinasc_dictionary(variable = NULL)
```

Arguments

variable Character. If provided, returns dictionary for a specific variable only. Default: NULL (returns all variables).

Value

A tibble with columns: variable, description, code, label.

See Also

Other sinasc: [sinasc_cache_status\(\)](#), [sinasc_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sinasc_data\(\)](#), [sinasc_info\(\)](#), [sinasc_variables\(\)](#), [sinasc_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sinasc_dictionary()
sinasc_dictionary("SEXO")
sinasc_dictionary("PARTO")
```

sinasc_info *SINASC Module Information*

Description

Displays information about the Live Birth Information System (SINASC), including data sources, available years, and usage guidance.

Usage

```
sinasc_info()
```

Value

A list with module information (invisibly).

See Also

Other sinasc: [sinasc_cache_status\(\)](#), [sinasc_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sinasc_data\(\)](#), [sinasc_dictionary\(\)](#), [sinasc_variables\(\)](#), [sinasc_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sinasc_info()
```

sinasc_variables *List SINASC Variables*

Description

Returns a tibble with available variables in the SINASC microdata, including descriptions and value types.

Usage

```
sinasc_variables(year = NULL, search = NULL)
```

Arguments

year	Integer. If provided, returns variables available for that specific year (reserved for future use). Default: NULL.
search	Character. Optional search term to filter variables by name or description. Case-insensitive.

Value

A tibble with columns: variable, description, type, section.

See Also

Other sinasc: [sinasc_cache_status\(\)](#), [sinasc_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sinasc_data\(\)](#), [sinasc_dictionary\(\)](#), [sinasc_info\(\)](#), [sinasc_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sinasc_variables()
sinasc_variables(search = "mae")
sinasc_variables(search = "parto")
```

sinasc_years

List Available SINASC Years

Description

Returns an integer vector with years for which live birth microdata are available from DATASUS FTP.

Usage

```
sinasc_years(status = "final")
```

Arguments

status Character. Filter by data status. One of:

- "final": Definitive data only (default).
- "preliminary": Preliminary data only.
- "all": All available data (definitive + preliminary).

Value

An integer vector of available years.

See Also

Other sinasc: [sinasc_cache_status\(\)](#), [sinasc_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sinasc_data\(\)](#), [sinasc_dictionary\(\)](#), [sinasc_info\(\)](#), [sinasc_variables\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sinasc_years()
sinasc_years(status = "all")
```

sipni_cache_status	<i>Show SI-PNI Cache Status</i>
--------------------	---------------------------------

Description

Shows information about cached SI-PNI data files.

Usage

```
sipni_cache_status(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Cache directory path. Default: tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache").

Value

A tibble with cache file information (invisibly).

See Also

Other sipni: [sipni_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sipni_data\(\)](#), [sipni_dictionary\(\)](#), [sipni_info\(\)](#), [sipni_variables\(\)](#), [sipni_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sipni_cache_status()
```

sipni_clear_cache	<i>Clear SI-PNI Cache</i>
-------------------	---------------------------

Description

Deletes cached SI-PNI data files.

Usage

```
sipni_clear_cache(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Cache directory path. Default: tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache").

Value

Invisible NULL.

See Also

Other sipni: [sipni_cache_status\(\)](#), [sipni_data\(\)](#), [sipni_dictionary\(\)](#), [sipni_info\(\)](#), [sipni_variables\(\)](#), [sipni_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sipni_clear_cache()
```

sipni_data

Download SI-PNI Vaccination Data

Description

Downloads and returns vaccination data from SI-PNI. For years 1994–2019, data is downloaded from DATASUS FTP (aggregated doses/coverage). For years 2020+, data is downloaded from OpenDataSUS as monthly CSV bulk files (individual-level microdata with one row per vaccination dose).

Usage

```
sipni_data(
  year,
  type = "DPNI",
  uf = NULL,
  month = NULL,
  vars = NULL,
  parse = TRUE,
  col_types = NULL,
  cache = TRUE,
  cache_dir = NULL,
  lazy = FALSE,
  backend = c("arrow", "duckdb")
)
```

Arguments

year	Integer. Year(s) of the data. Required.
type	Character. File type for FTP data (1994–2019). Default: "DPNI" (doses applied). Use "CPNI" for vaccination coverage. Ignored for years >= 2020 (API data is always microdata).
uf	Character. Two-letter state abbreviation(s) to download. If NULL (default), downloads all 27 states. Example: "SP", c("SP", "RJ").

month	Integer. Month(s) to download (1–12). For years \geq 2020 (CSV), selects which monthly CSV files to download. For years \leq 2019 (FTP), this parameter is ignored (FTP files are annual). If NULL (default), downloads all 12 months.
vars	Character vector. Variables to keep. If NULL (default), returns all available variables. Use <code>sipni_variables()</code> to see available variables.
parse	Logical. If TRUE (default), converts columns to appropriate types (integer, double, Date) based on the variable metadata. Use <code>sipni_variables()</code> to see the target type for each variable. Set to FALSE for backward-compatible all-character output.
col_types	Named list. Override the default type for specific columns. Names are column names, values are type strings: "character", "integer", "double", "date_dmy", "date_ymd", "date_ym", "date". Example: <code>list(QT_DOSE = "character")</code> to keep QT_DOSE as character.
cache	Logical. If TRUE (default), caches downloaded data for faster future access.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching. Default: <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
lazy	Logical. If TRUE, returns a lazy query object instead of a tibble. Requires the arrow package. The lazy object supports dplyr verbs (filter, select, mutate, etc.) which are pushed down to the query engine before collecting into memory. Call <code>dplyr::collect()</code> to materialize the result. Default: FALSE.
backend	Character. Backend for lazy evaluation: "arrow" (default) or "duckdb". Only used when lazy = TRUE. DuckDB backend requires the duckdb package.

Details

FTP data (1994–2019): Downloaded as plain .DBF files. SI-PNI FTP data is **aggregated** (dose counts and coverage rates per municipality, vaccine, and age group). Two file types: DPNI (doses) and CPNI (coverage).

CSV data (2020+): Downloaded from OpenDataSUS as monthly CSV bulk files (national, semicolon-delimited, latin1 encoding). Each monthly ZIP is ~1.4 GB. This is **individual-level microdata** (one row per vaccination dose, ~47 fields per record). The type parameter is ignored for CSV years. Data is filtered by UF during chunked reading to avoid loading the full national file into memory.

Parallel downloads:

When downloading multiple files (e.g., several years or states), install **furrr** and **future** and set a parallel plan to speed up downloads: `future::plan(future::multisession, workers = 4)`. See `vignette("healthbR")` for details.

Value

A tibble with vaccination data. Includes columns year and uf_source to identify the source when multiple years/states are combined.

Output differs by year range:

- **1994–2019 (FTP):** Aggregated data with DPNI (12 vars) or CPNI (7 vars) columns, all character.
- **2020+ (CSV):** Individual-level microdata with ~47 columns (snake_case Portuguese), all character. Use `sipni_variables(type = "API")` to see the full list.

See Also

[sipni_info\(\)](#) for type descriptions, [censo_populacao\(\)](#) for population denominators.

Other sipni: [sipni_cache_status\(\)](#), [sipni_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sipni_dictionary\(\)](#), [sipni_info\(\)](#), [sipni_variables\(\)](#), [sipni_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# FTP: doses applied in Acre, 2019
ac_doses <- sipni_data(year = 2019, uf = "AC")

# FTP: vaccination coverage in Acre, 2019
ac_cob <- sipni_data(year = 2019, type = "CPNI", uf = "AC")

# API: microdata for Acre, January 2024
ac_api <- sipni_data(year = 2024, uf = "AC", month = 1)

# API: select specific variables
sipni_data(year = 2024, uf = "AC", month = 1,
           vars = c("descricao_vacina", "tipo_sexo_paciente",
                  "data_vacina"))
```

sipni_dictionary

SI-PNI Data Dictionary

Description

Returns a tibble with the data dictionary for the SI-PNI FTP data (1994–2019), including variable descriptions and category labels.

Usage

```
sipni_dictionary(variable = NULL)
```

Arguments

variable Character. If provided, returns dictionary for a specific variable only. Default: NULL (returns all variables).

Details

The dictionary covers FTP data variables (DPNI/CPNI, 1994–2019). API microdata (2020+) has description fields embedded in the data itself (e.g., `descricao_vacina`, `nome_raca_cor_paciente`), so a separate dictionary is not needed.

Value

A tibble with columns: `variable`, `description`, `code`, `label`.

See Also

Other sipni: [sipni_cache_status\(\)](#), [sipni_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sipni_data\(\)](#), [sipni_info\(\)](#), [sipni_variables\(\)](#), [sipni_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sipni_dictionary()  
sipni_dictionary("IMUNO")  
sipni_dictionary("DOSE")
```

sipni_info

SI-PNI Module Information

Description

Displays information about the National Immunization Program Information System (SI-PNI), including data sources, available years, file types, and usage guidance.

Usage

```
sipni_info()
```

Value

A list with module information (invisibly).

See Also

Other sipni: [sipni_cache_status\(\)](#), [sipni_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sipni_data\(\)](#), [sipni_dictionary\(\)](#), [sipni_variables\(\)](#), [sipni_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sipni_info()
```

sipni_variables	<i>List SI-PNI Variables</i>
-----------------	------------------------------

Description

Returns a tibble with available variables in the SI-PNI data, including descriptions and value types.

Usage

```
sipni_variables(type = "DPNI", search = NULL)
```

Arguments

type	Character. File type to show variables for. "DPNI" (default) for doses applied (FTP, 1994-2019), "CPNI" for coverage (FTP, 1994-2019), or "API" for individual-level microdata (OpenDataSUS, 2020+).
search	Character. Optional search term to filter variables by name or description. Case-insensitive and accent-insensitive.

Value

A tibble with columns: variable, description, type, section.

See Also

Other sipni: [sipni_cache_status\(\)](#), [sipni_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sipni_data\(\)](#), [sipni_dictionary\(\)](#), [sipni_info\(\)](#), [sipni_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sipni_variables()  
sipni_variables(type = "CPNI")  
sipni_variables(type = "API")  
sipni_variables(search = "dose")
```

sipni_years	<i>List Available SI-PNI Years</i>
-------------	------------------------------------

Description

Returns an integer vector with years for which vaccination data are available.

Usage

```
sipni_years()
```

Details

SI-PNI data is available from two sources:

- **FTP (1994–2019)**: Aggregated data (doses applied and coverage) from DATASUS FTP as plain .DBF files.
- **CSV (2020–2025)**: Individual-level microdata from OpenDataSUS as monthly CSV bulk downloads (one row per vaccination dose).

Value

An integer vector of available years (1994–2025).

See Also

Other sipni: [sipni_cache_status\(\)](#), [sipni_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sipni_data\(\)](#), [sipni_dictionary\(\)](#), [sipni_info\(\)](#), [sipni_variables\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sipni_years()
```

`sisab_cache_status` *Show SISAB Cache Status*

Description

Shows information about cached SISAB data files.

Usage

```
sisab_cache_status(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

`cache_dir` Character. Cache directory path. Default: `tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")`.

Value

A tibble with cache file information (invisibly).

See Also

Other sisab: [sisab_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sisab_data\(\)](#), [sisab_info\(\)](#), [sisab_variables\(\)](#), [sisab_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sisab_cache_status()
```

sisab_clear_cache	<i>Clear SISAB Cache</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

Description

Deletes cached SISAB data files.

Usage

```
sisab_clear_cache(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

cache_dir Character. Cache directory path. Default: `tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")`.

Value

Invisible NULL.

See Also

Other sisab: [sisab_cache_status\(\)](#), [sisab_data\(\)](#), [sisab_info\(\)](#), [sisab_variables\(\)](#), [sisab_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sisab_clear_cache()
```

sisab_data	<i>Download SISAB Coverage Data</i>
------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Downloads and returns primary care coverage data from the SISAB relatorioaps API. Data is aggregated (coverage indicators per geographic unit and period), not individual-level microdata.

Usage

```
sisab_data(  
  year,  
  type = "aps",  
  level = "uf",  
  month = NULL,  
  uf = NULL,  
  vars = NULL,  
  cache = TRUE,  
  cache_dir = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

year	Integer. Year(s) of the data. Required.
type	Character. Report type to download. Default: "aps" (APS coverage). See sisab_info() for all types.
level	Character. Geographic aggregation level. Default: "uf". One of: "brazil", "region", "uf", "municipality".
month	Integer. Month(s) to download (1–12). If NULL (default), downloads all 12 months.
uf	Character. Two-letter state abbreviation to filter by when level is "uf" or "municipality". If NULL (default), returns all states. Example: "SP", c("SP", "RJ").
vars	Character vector. Variables to keep. If NULL (default), returns all available variables. Use sisab_variables() to see available variables.
cache	Logical. If TRUE (default), caches downloaded data for faster future access.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching. Default: <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .

Details

Data is fetched from the `relatorioaps` REST API (<https://relatorioaps.saude.gov.br>), the public reporting portal for primary care in Brazil.

Four report types are available:

- "aps" (default): APS coverage – number of primary care teams (eSF, eAP, eSFR, eCR, eAPP) and estimated coverage percentage. Available from 2019.
- "sb": Oral health coverage – dental care teams and coverage. Available from 2024.
- "acs": Community health agents – number of active ACS and population coverage. Available from 2007.
- "pns": PNS coverage – coverage estimates from the National Health Survey. Available 2020–2023.

For municipality-level data, it is recommended to filter by UF using the `uf` parameter to avoid large downloads.

Parallel downloads:

When downloading multiple months, install **furrr** and **future** and set a parallel plan to speed up downloads: `future::plan(future::multisession, workers = 4)`. See `vignette("healthbR")` for details.

Value

A tibble with coverage data. Includes columns `year` and `type` to identify the source when multiple years/types are combined. Column names are preserved from the API (camelCase).

See Also

[sisab_info\(\)](#) for report type descriptions, [censo_populacao\(\)](#) for population denominators.

Other sisab: [sisab_cache_status\(\)](#), [sisab_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sisab_info\(\)](#), [sisab_variables\(\)](#), [sisab_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# APS coverage by state, January 2024
sisab_data(year = 2024, month = 1)

# National total, full year 2023
sisab_data(year = 2023, level = "brazil")

# Oral health coverage by UF
sisab_data(year = 2024, type = "sb", month = 6)

# Municipality level for Sao Paulo
sisab_data(year = 2024, level = "municipality", uf = "SP", month = 1)
```

sisab_info

SISAB Module Information

Description

Displays information about the Primary Care Health Information System (SISAB), including data sources, available report types, and usage guidance.

Usage

```
sisab_info()
```

Value

A list with module information (invisibly).

See Also

Other sisab: [sisab_cache_status\(\)](#), [sisab_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sisab_data\(\)](#), [sisab_variables\(\)](#), [sisab_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sisab_info()
```

sisab_variables *List SISAB Variables*

Description

Returns a tibble with available variables in the SISAB coverage data, including descriptions and value types.

Usage

```
sisab_variables(type = "aps", search = NULL)
```

Arguments

type	Character. Report type to show variables for. "aps" (default), "sb", "acs", or "pns".
search	Character. Optional search term to filter variables by name or description. Case-insensitive and accent-insensitive.

Value

A tibble with columns: variable, description, type, section.

See Also

Other sisab: [sisab_cache_status\(\)](#), [sisab_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sisab_data\(\)](#), [sisab_info\(\)](#), [sisab_years\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sisab_variables()  
sisab_variables(type = "sb")  
sisab_variables(search = "cobertura")
```

sisab_years *List Available SISAB Years*

Description

Returns an integer vector with years for which SISAB coverage data are potentially available from the relatorioaps API. Actual availability depends on the report type.

Usage

```
sisab_years()
```

Details

Availability by report type:

- aps: APS coverage (2019–present)
- sb: Oral health coverage (2024–present)
- acs: Community health agents (2007–present)
- pns: PNS coverage (2020–2023)

Value

An integer vector of available years.

See Also

Other sisab: [sisab_cache_status\(\)](#), [sisab_clear_cache\(\)](#), [sisab_data\(\)](#), [sisab_info\(\)](#), [sisab_variables\(\)](#)

Examples

```
sisab_years()
```

`vigitel_cache_status` *Get VIGITEL cache status*

Description

Shows cache status including downloaded files and their sizes.

Usage

```
vigitel_cache_status(cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

`cache_dir` Character. Optional custom cache directory. If NULL (default), uses the standard user cache directory.

Value

A tibble with cache information

Examples

```
# check cache status
vigitel_cache_status()
```

`vigitel_clear_cache` *Clear VIGITEL cache*

Description

Removes all cached VIGITEL data files.

Usage

```
vigitel_clear_cache(keep_parquet = FALSE, cache_dir = NULL)
```

Arguments

`keep_parquet` Logical. If TRUE, keep parquet cache and only remove source files (ZIP, DTA, CSV). Default is FALSE (remove all).

`cache_dir` Character. Optional custom cache directory. If NULL (default), uses the standard user cache directory.

Value

NULL (invisibly)

Examples

```
# remove all cached files from default cache
vigitel_clear_cache()
```

`vigitel_data` *Download VIGITEL microdata*

Description

Downloads and returns VIGITEL survey microdata from the Ministry of Health. Data is cached locally to avoid repeated downloads. When the arrow package is installed, data is cached in partitioned parquet format for faster subsequent reads.

Usage

```
vigitel_data(
  year = NULL,
  format = c("dta", "csv"),
  vars = NULL,
  cache_dir = NULL,
  force = FALSE,
  lazy = FALSE,
  backend = c("arrow", "duckdb")
)
```

Arguments

year	Integer or vector of integers. Years to return (2006-2024). Use NULL to return all years. Default is NULL.
format	Character. File format to download: "dta" (Stata, default) or "csv". Stata format preserves variable labels.
vars	Character vector. Variables to select. Use NULL for all variables. Default is NULL.
cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching downloaded files. Default uses <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
force	Logical. If TRUE, re-download even if file exists in cache. Default is FALSE.
lazy	Logical. If TRUE, returns a lazy query object instead of a tibble. Requires the arrow package. The lazy object supports dplyr verbs (<code>filter</code> , <code>select</code> , <code>mutate</code> , etc.) which are pushed down to the query engine before collecting into memory. Call <code>dplyr::collect()</code> to materialize the result. Default: FALSE.
backend	Character. Backend for lazy evaluation: "arrow" (default) or "duckdb". Only used when <code>lazy = TRUE</code> . DuckDB backend requires the duckdb package.

Details

The VIGITEL survey (Vigilância de Fatores de Risco e Proteção para Doenças Crônicas por Inquérito Telefônico) is conducted annually by the Brazilian Ministry of Health in all state capitals and the Federal District.

Data includes information on:

- Demographics (age, sex, education, race)
- Health behaviors (smoking, alcohol, diet, physical activity)
- Health conditions (hypertension, diabetes, obesity)
- Healthcare utilization

The survey uses post-stratification weights (variable `pesorake`) to produce population estimates. Always use these weights for statistical inference.

Performance:

When the **arrow** package is installed, data is cached in partitioned parquet format. This allows the function to read only the requested years without loading the entire dataset into memory. If you frequently work with VIGITEL data, installing **arrow** is highly recommended:

```
install.packages("arrow")
```

Value

A tibble with VIGITEL microdata.

Data source

Data is downloaded from the Ministry of Health website: <https://svs.aids.gov.br/daent/cgdnt/vigitel/>

Examples

```
# download all years (uses tempdir to avoid leaving files)
df <- vigitel_data(cache_dir = tempdir())

# download specific year
df_2024 <- vigitel_data(year = 2024, cache_dir = tempdir())

# download multiple years
df_recent <- vigitel_data(year = 2020:2024, cache_dir = tempdir())

# select specific variables
df_subset <- vigitel_data(
  year = 2024,
  vars = c("ano", "cidade", "sexo", "idade", "pesorake"),
  cache_dir = tempdir()
)
```

vigitel_dictionary *Get VIGITEL variable dictionary*

Description

Downloads and returns the VIGITEL data dictionary containing variable descriptions, codes, and categories.

Usage

```
vigitel_dictionary(cache_dir = NULL, force = FALSE)
```

Arguments

cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching downloaded files. Default uses <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
force	Logical. If TRUE, re-download even if file exists in cache. Default is FALSE.

Value

A tibble with variable dictionary.

Examples

```
dict <- vigitel_dictionary(cache_dir = tempdir())
head(dict)
```

vigitel_info	<i>Get VIGITEL survey information</i>
--------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Returns metadata about the VIGITEL survey.

Usage

```
vigitel_info()
```

Value

A list with survey information

Examples

```
vigitel_info()
```

vigitel_variables	<i>List VIGITEL variables</i>
-------------------	-------------------------------

Description

Returns a tibble with information about available variables in the VIGITEL dataset.

Usage

```
vigitel_variables(cache_dir = NULL, force = FALSE)
```

Arguments

cache_dir	Character. Directory for caching downloaded files. Default uses <code>tools::R_user_dir("healthbR", "cache")</code> .
force	Logical. If TRUE, re-download even if file exists in cache. Default is FALSE.

Value

A tibble with variable information from the dictionary.

Examples

```
vars <- vigitel_variables(cache_dir = tempdir())  
head(vars)
```

vigitel_years	<i>List available VIGITEL survey years</i>
---------------	--

Description

Returns a vector of years for which VIGITEL microdata is available for download from the Ministry of Health website.

Usage

```
vigitel_years()
```

Value

An integer vector of available years (2006-2024).

Examples

```
vigitel_years()
```

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